



# **Mathematics**

## For Sixth form primary

First term

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غير مصرح بتداول هذا الكتاب خارج وزارة التربية والتعليم





My dear pupils of sixth grade primary ... it give us pleasure to introduce this book to you as part of developed mathmastics series. We dedicated many things for you when we composing this book many things were taken in consideration in order to make studying mathematics an interesting popular and useful duty for you.

- (1) Displaying the topics in the easiest way and clearness using aproperiate language that adope with your information and experiences. So that it will help you to cope in the knowledge and ideas which were involved in each topic a lone.
- \*The given ideas are listed gradually from the simplest to the hardest
- We ensure forming the new concepts and ideas correctly before setting up associated operations via suitable activates.
- Linking the mathematical lessons with life through realistic Issues and problems in various applications hoping that you will feel the value of the mathematics and studying it thing a useful thing in life
- At many points within this book we give you opportunity to deduce ideas and reach information your self-depending on your experiences and thinking to develop search! and self-learning.
- At other points we invite you to work in groups with your colleagues to know their ideas and introduce to gather one part work
- At other points too we want you to check the solutions which were introduced to enrich your selfconfidence and increase your ability to the corre-tness of things.
- The book was divided into units the units were divided into lessons which involved with Images figures and illustrated diagrams. At the end of each lessons evaluation exercises were put besides general exercises and unit test.

The book end contains model answers

. The smit end contains activity to practice (UK) with your teacher help and you



will find technological activity to deal with computer.

Finally ... my dear pupil, in your classroom with your teacher and classmate, you should act posictively. Don't besitate to ask questions. Trust that your participation will be appreciated, remember forever, mathematics involve many questions have more than one solution.

We ask Allah that, we did well for our lovely Egypt.

### Authors





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# Ratio

- Lesson 1: Meaing of ratio
- Lesson 2: prooerties of ratio
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- Lesson 4: The ratio among three numbers
- Lesson 5: Proporttonal Division
- Lesson 6: Ratio Applications (Rates)
- General exercises on the unit
- Technological activity
- Unit one activities
- Unit Test

## 1

## meaning of ratio

When do you have from this inssen?

- Derrogh your active participation you use come to.
- \* The meaning of the ratio.
- \* expressing the entire
- alienness of surjo-

The molliematical amazers of

- The main between two mannities
- \* The annocadom of the ratio
- \*\*The consequent of the runs

Notice and Discuss what is Ratio?

Ratio is a way of comparing between two similar quantities for example;

(1): Comparing between prices

In the opposite figure, below the price of the blouse is LE 40 and the price of the Trousers is LE 80. We can compare between the prices as follows:

a) the price of the blouse is less than the price of the trousers or the price of the trousers is greater than the price of the blouse.



because price of the blouse 
$$\frac{40}{80} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$=\frac{80}{40}-\frac{8}{4}$$

Is called the ratio of the price of the blouse to the price of the trousers-

Also  $\frac{\text{the price of the pair of transers}}{\text{price of the blouse}} = \frac{2}{1}$  (is called the ratio of the price of the trousers to the

price of the blouse.

### (11): Comparing between lengths:

From the opposite figure we can compare between the height of the tree (3 metres) and the height of the bouse (9 metres) using one of the following methods.

a- The height of the house exceeds the height of the tree or the height of the tree is less than the height of the house.



h- The height of the house is greater than the height of the tree or the height of the tree is less than the height of the house.

c. The height of the house is three times the height of the tree.

Because The height of the house 
$$\frac{9}{3} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$

The fraction  $\frac{9}{3}$  is called the ratio

or the height of the tree is third of the height of the house.

The fraction  $\frac{1}{3}$  is called the ratio

Now we hope that you can recognised the meaning of the ratio

As comparing between two similar quantities or numbers and of the same unit then the resultant fraction is called the ratio.

Le. The ratio between two numbers - The first number
The second number



#### Expressing the ratio

- In the case of the price of blouses and the price of the trousers we could express the ratio in as a fraction and is  $\frac{1}{2}$  and can be written as 1:2 it is read as ( 1 to 2 ) where 1 is called the annecedent of the ratio or

its first term and the number 2 is called the consequent of the ratio or its second term.

- Similarly in the case of the height of the tree and the height of the house we could express the ratio as a fraction to be  $\frac{1}{3}$  and it can be written as 1 : 3 and it is read as (1 to 3).

Where 1 is called the antecedent of the ratio or its first term and 3 is called the consequent of the ratio or its second term.

## Drill (T) Complete:

If Khalid has LE 15 and Ahmed has LE 25 then

The ratio between what Khalid has and what Alimed has is  $=\frac{15}{25} - \frac{3}{5}$  or 3:5

#### The first unit

n sm

Drill (2) Complete

When we compare between the area of the square and the rectangle in the figure shown then:

	The area =	
ı	4	
١		
ı	1	

The area = \_\_\_\_\_

The area of the square The area of the rectangle

00

Renumber that :

The mass of the square - side length a most the arm of the recturate a longth a white



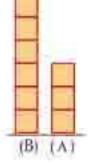
Drill (3) Complete =

When we compare between the number of small squares in column (A) and the number of small squares in column (B) then the ratio between them is:

- (a) The number of squares in column (A) The number of squares in column (B)

$$=\frac{3}{9}=\frac{1}{12}$$
 or  $1$  | 3

- (b) The number of squares in column (B)
  - The number of squares in column (A)



Drift (4)

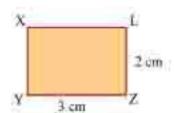
Express the ratio in each of the following cases by two methods

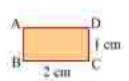
- (a) The ratio between the length of AB and the length of CDC (b) The ratio between the age of Nabeel and the age of Khalid such that :

The age of Nabeel = 40 years

The age of Khalid = 25 years

(c) The ratio between the area of the two rectangles ABCD and XYZL







- Write the ratio between the two numbers 21 and 9 in the simplest form.
- Complete the following table:

The antecedent of the ratio	The consequent of the ratio	e consequent of the ratio The form of	
3	(2)		3/3
7.	10	-01101	
	311110	7_5	
			3:11

Write the ratio between the two numbers in each of the following in its simplest form:

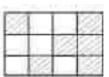
(a) 
$$\frac{10}{114}$$

In one of the classes of the first grade primary the number of boys is 15 pupils and the number of girls is 20 pupils.

Calculate: (a) The mino between the number of boys and the number of girls.

- (b) The ratio between the number of girls and the number of all pupils in the class.
- (c) The ratio between the number of boys and the number of all pupils in the class.
- Write each of the following ratios in its simplest form:

- Express the ratio between the two numbers 8 and 12 by two methods.
- In the opposite figure complete:
  - (a) number of colored parts, all parts of the figure.....



(1) number of non colored

parts: all parts of the figure:.....

(2) number of colored parts: number of non colored non colored parts .....

## Properties of ratio

What do you have from this INSSHITT.

Parament your parter pure signism tem will come to

- ratio has the same properties of the common fraction in: reduction, so simplify and CHARGOTTON IN
- The ties terms of the sale upp two timeger morthers
- The unit of each of the two Ferrors of the rates in the suran
- The reality wavenuments mainthis of the poon kind has the unit

Participate and discuss

Property (1)

The ratio has the same properties of the fraction as: reduction comparison, and comparison,

#### Example (1):

Omar saved 32 pounds and Khalid saved 48 pounds. Find the ratio between what Omar saved to what Khalid saved: Solution :

$$= \frac{8}{12} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ or } 2 = 3$$
 simplification the ratio

Notice That we divided each of the two terms of the ratio by 4 then by 4 to

The mathematical concepts

- The terms of the intio. simplifying asif comparing.
- Messuring seem:

Example (2)

Find the ratio between the two fractions  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{5}{6}$ 

Solution .

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{6} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{5} = \frac{9}{10}$$
 or 9 : 10 (reduction)

002:5

(reduction and supplification)

#### The ratio

#### Example (3):

Compare between the two ratios  $\frac{3}{5}$  and  $\frac{4}{7}$  (using < or >)

The comparison between two ratios, the same as the comparison between two fractions:

#### Solution:

Due to there's no simplification we should get the L.C.M (lowest common multiple) of the decommutators for the two ratios become  $\frac{21}{35} \cdot \frac{20}{35}$ . That means

The first ratio is greater than the second ratio Then  $\frac{3}{5} > \frac{4}{7}$ 

Then 
$$\frac{3}{5} > \frac{4}{7}$$

#### Difficult

Write the ratio between the two numbers 25 and 75;

Compare between the ratios  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{5}{8}$ 

#### Property (2)

The two terms of the ratio should be integer numbers:

From the previous two examples in the first property, the final results were as follows respectively.

All these numbers are integrated numbers.

### Property (3)

When comparing two quantities to form the ratio between them, their measuring units must be the same.

#### For example

When comparing between two lengths 160 cm and 2 metres we should firstly convert the measuring units to be the same unit.

This will be carried out by two methods.

The first. We convert 2 metres into 200cm then we use the property of simplification for the ratio

hecomes:

$$\frac{160}{200} = \frac{4}{5} \text{ or } (4.5)$$

The second. We convert 160 cm into metres to become  $\frac{160}{100} = \frac{16}{10}$  metres.

Then we use the property of reducion and simplification for the ratio becomes:

$$\frac{16}{10} + 2 = \frac{16}{10} + \frac{2}{1} = \frac{16}{10} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ or } (4 + 5)$$

#### The first unit

#### Example (1)

Find the ratio between \(\frac{1}{2}\) kilogram and 700 grams, then compare between them using (< or >).

Solution

To Convert to the same unit, their is two methods,

The first: Convert  $\frac{1}{2}$  kilogram into 500 grams then the ratio becomes  $\frac{500}{700} = \frac{5}{7}$  or (5+7)

#### The second

Convert 700 grames into kdograms

$$\frac{700}{1000} = \frac{7}{10} \text{ kilograms}$$
The ratio becomes  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{10} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{7}{10} = \frac{10}{2} + \frac{10}{7} = \frac{10}{14}$ 
or (5:7)
then  $\frac{1}{2}$  kilogram < 700 grams

### Dritt (2)

Compare between 27 months and 3 years to get the ratio between them

### Dvill/3)

Compare between 2 kirats, 18 sahms, then find the ratio between them.

#### Property (4);

The ratio between two similar quantities has no unit.

you noticed from the previous property and after converting the two quantities to the same unit that the ratio in the first case is held between length units either centimeters or metres and in the second case the ratio is hold between weight unit either in grams or in kilograms therefore the result ratio has no unit in each of the two cases because they are of the same unit.

## Dritt (4)

The distance between Hosam house and his sporting club is 250 metre, and the distance between his house and his school is 0.4 kilometres. Find the ratio between the two distances

#### Drift(48)

In the opposite figure

A rectangle in which the length = 2 metres and its width =

120cm. Calculate :

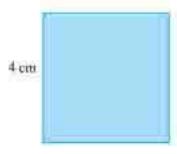
The ratio between the width of the rectangle and its length.

And the ratio between the length of the rectangle and its permitter.

120 cm

## Exercise (1 - 2)







- (a) The ratio between the perimeter of the square and the perimeter of the rectangle.
- (b) The ratio between the area of the square and the area of the rectangle.
- (c) The ratio between the length of the rectangle and its perimeter.
- Find in the simplest form the ratio between each of the following:
  - (a) 250 p.t and 7 ½ pounds.
  - (b) 2 ½ hours and 75 minutes.
  - (c) The two areas: 12 kirais, 1.25 feddans.
  - (d) The two areas: 0.75 kirat, 16 sahms.
- Write the ratio between the two numbers in each of the following cases:

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 and  $\frac{3}{4}$  (b) 18:6.3 (c)  $\frac{3}{5}$ :2.2

$$(c)$$
1  $\frac{3}{5}$ : 2.2

- Complete the following:
  - The ratio between the side length of the square and its perimeter =
  - The ratio between the circumference of the circle and its diameter length = .....
  - The ratio between the length of the side of the equilitieral triangle and its perimeter = .........
- The area of a rectangle is 32cm and its width = 4cm. Find :
  - The length of the rectangle.
  - The ratio between the width of the rectangle and its length.
  - The ratio between the length of the rectangle and its perimeter.

- A salary of cleaning worker LE-400 monthly. He spends LE 340 and saves the remainder. Find:
  - a- The ratio between what the worker spends to his salary.
  - b. The ratio between what he saves to his safary.
  - e- The ratio between what he spends to what he saves.



The opposite table shows the quantities of the same kind but in different units.

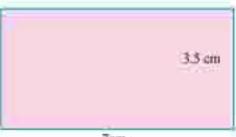
> Calculate the ratio between each two quantities in each case and complete the table.

1° quantitiy	2 <sup>rd</sup> quantity	l* L2º
100 gm	4 kg	
8 hours	2 days	
1 km	570 m	
18 kirat	1 2 feddan	

In the opposite figure:

A rectangle with width 3.5 cm and its length = 7cm. Find:

- (a) The ratio between the length and the width
- (b) The ratio between the width to the perimeter.
- (c) The ratio between the length and the perimeter.



3

## Miscellaneous exercises on ratio and its properties

#### What do you foren from the femore?

Through your active participating who can recognize 1 for a to

 Calculate a quantity if you have given another quantity (iii) the turio turvecer flum.

- Divide a given quantity one-

- Mattermitted and list compe-
- The group quantity
- The miknown quantity.
- The mile between their

#### Introduction

Sometimes we need to calculate an unknown quantity if we know another quantity and the ratio between them...

And we sometimes need to divide a given quantity into two parts if the ratio between them is known.

#### Remark

The given quantity is a specified quantity for example, as the weight of a person or the price of a good or the area of a piece of land or the number of the pupils in a school ....etc.

The unknown quantity is an unspecified quantified and we want to know it for example: the need to

specify The weight of a person, the price of goods or the number of boys and girls in a school .... Etc.

Notice and mink through the following examples -

#### Example (1):

If the ratio between the weight of Huni and the weight of Ahmed is 5:6 and if the weight of Ahmed is 60 kilogrames. Calculate the weight of Huni.

#### Sedution

We can solve the example using the idea of the value of the part as follows:

That means: 6 equal parts are equal to 60 kilograms (Ahmed's weight)

That means the value of one part

$$=\frac{60}{6}$$
=10 kilograms

Then the weight of Hani =  $10 \times 5 = 50$  kilograms

#### The first unii

That means

The weight of Hani 
$$=\frac{5}{6}$$
 The weight of Ahmed thus

The weight of Hani = 
$$\frac{5}{6} \times 60 = 5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ k/g}$$

You can chick the solution as follows:

The weight of Hani: The weight of Ahmed



50 : 60 (divided by 10)

6 (This is the given ratio in the problem).

#### Example (2):

A primary school has \$40 pupils. If the ratio between the number of boys to the number of girls is 4:5, calculate the number of each boys and girls.

#### Solution :

The number of boys
The number of girls
$$= \frac{4}{5}$$

Laing the idea of the sum of pure we get:

The sum of parts = 4 + 5 = 9 parts

That means (540 pupils) equals (9 equal parts) .

i.e. The value of one pure = 540 + 9 = 60 pupils.

i.e. The number of boys =  $4 \times 60 = 240$  boys.

The number of girls =  $5 \times 60 = 300$  girls.

#### You can check the solution as follows



The number of boys	The number of girls
240	300

### Example (3)

A rectangular shaped piece of land the ratio between its length and its width is 9 : 7.

If the difference between the length and the width is 18 metres. Calculate each of the length, the width and the perimeter of the land.



#### Solution

Notice that the ratio between the length and the width is 9:7 that means.

The length is divided into 9 equal parts and the width is divided into 7 equal parts the difference between the number of parts of the length and the number of parts of the width = 9 - 7 = 2.

i.e. 2 parts equal 18 metres.

i.e. The value of one part = 18 + 2 = 9 metres

i.e. The length of the rectangular land

$$= 0 \times 0 = 81$$
 metres

The width of the rectangular land =  $7 \times 9 = 63$  in.

The perimeter of the land =

(The length + (be width) 
$$\times$$
 2  
=  $(81 + 63) \times 2 = 144 \times 2 = 288m$ .



#### Verifying the solution

You can check the solution as follows the length of the land. The width of the land

The difference between the length and the width = 81 - 63 = 18 metre.

#### The first unit

#### Delle (1)

The ratio between the heights of two buildings in a town is 4 : 7.

If the difference between their heights is 9 metres. Find the height of each of them.



#### Delle (2)

Two wire pieces, the ratio between their length is 5:9.

If the sum of their lengths is 126 metres calculate the length of each piece.



## Exercise (1 - 3)

- The ratio between a child's age to his father's age is 2 ; 13.
  If the child is 6 years, Find father's age.
- The ratio between the lengths of two roads is 2 : 5 and the difference between their lengths is 21 km. Find the length of each road.
- If the ratio between the number of successful pupils in Arabic subject to that number in Math is 3:7 and if the successful pupils in Math is 12 pupils.

  Finf the number of successful pupils in Arabic.
- The ratio between the area of two pieces of lands is 5:9, if the area of one one of them is more than the other by 132m. Find the area of the other land.
- The ratio between the money that Ahmed has to that Which Samira has is 7:11 if the money that they have were L/E 360. Find the money that each of them has
- A Perimeter of rectangle equals 140 cm, and the ratio between its dimensions is 3 : 4

  Calculate its area

## ratio among three numbers

#### What sie you laurn from nor Innount?

through your active publicipation Major reported the Base to

- Find the ratio annual three munther
- > \$00vs misseetimpans applications using the ease. among their months.

#### Mid-emulcal impacts

- The total among these number.

#### Notice and think:

If Adel, Ahmed and Hani saved three amounts of money which are LE 180, LE 144 and LE 108 respectively.

Then we can find the ratio among what Adel, Ahmed and Hani saved as follows.

#### What Adel saved: What Ahmed saved: What Hani saved

180	1	144	13	108	(dividing by 12)
15	23	12	- 11	9	(dividing by 3)
14	4.0	331	10	90	

#### Example (1)

A family formed from three persons. If the hight of the father is 1.8 metre, the hight of the mother is 1,6 metre and the hight of the son is 1,2 metry. Calculate the ratio among the three hight.

#### Solution

hight of father	hig	tht of mother	- 1	tight of	son.
1.8		1.6	X	1.2	(multiplying by 10)
1.9		(n	î	12	(dividing by 2)



#### Example (2)

ABC is triangle in which AB: BC: CA = 3:5:7

If the difference between the length of AB and BC is 4cm. Find the lengths of the sides of the triangle and its perimeter -

#### Solution

The ratio between the lengths of the three sides is 3 : 5 : 7 that means that AB is divided into three equal parts in Tength:

#### The first unit

and BC is divided into 5 equally parts in length and CA is divided into 7 equally parts in length and all parts are of the same kind.

The difference between the length of AB and the length of BC = 5 - 3 = 2 parts that means that :

2 parts equal 4cm

i.e. the value of each part = 4 = 2 = 2cm

The length of  $AB = 2 \times 3 = 6cm$ ,

The length of BC =  $2 \times 5 = 10$ cm

And The length of  $CA = 2 \times 7 = 14$ cm

Since the perimeter of the triangle = the sum of length of its sides.

Then the perimeter of the triangle = 6 + 10 + 14 = 30cm



#### Verifying of solution

(divided by 2)

(it is the given ratio)

## Example (3)

a, b and c are three numbers such that the ratio a: b = 4:3 and the ratio b: c = 2:3. Find the ratio among the three numbers a, b and c.

#### Solution

To find the ratio between the numbers a, b and c take the ratio.

$$\frac{3}{b} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{3} \qquad \frac{c}{b} = \frac{3}{2}$$

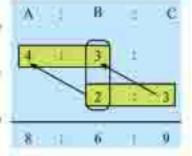
then 
$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4 \times 2}{3 \times 2} = \frac{8}{6}$$

$$\frac{e}{b} = \frac{3 \times 3}{2 \times 3} = \frac{9}{6}$$

then a: b: c = 8:6:9

## Another solution (using L.C.M.) Through the apposite figure

Notice that L.C.M of the two numbers 3 and 2 is 6 that means the consequent of the first ratio is 3 multiplied by 2 then it becomes 6. Therefore we multiply the antecedent of the first ratio which is 4 by 2 to be 8.



Also multiply the antecedent of the second ratio which is 2 by 3 to be 6.

Therefore multiply the consequent of the second ratio which is 3 by 3 to be 9

Then the ratio among the three numbers becomes

8:6:9

### Example (4)

If the ratio between the share of Flam and the share of Sherif and the share of Khalid is 3:5:7 and if the share of Ham is LF 24 caluclate the share of each of Sherif and Khalid.

#### Solution

The share of Hani = 24 pounds and it equals 3 equal parts

i.e. The value of one part =  $\frac{24}{3}$  = LE 8

Then the share of Sherif =  $5 \times 8 = LE 40$ 

And the share of Khalid =  $7 \times 8 = LE 56$ 

#### Drill

Find the ratio between the hight of Sahar, Noha and Ola if

The tallness of Sahar: The tallness of Noha

The hight of Sahar: The fallness of Noha = 2:3 The hight of Noha: The tallness of Ola = 6:5

## Exercise (1 - 4)

- If the ratio between the measures of the angles of a triangle is 5 : 6 : 7 and the measure of the first angle is 50. Find the measure of each of the other two angles.
- A fruit seller has three kinds of fruit (banana, grapes and Guava)

  If the ratio between the weight of banana to the weight of grapes is 2:3 and the ratio between
  the weight of grapes to that of guava is 2:4. Find the ratio among the weights of banana, grapes
  and guava.
- If the ratio between the heights of three buildings is 3 : 4 5 and if the hight of the first building is

  12 metres calculate the heights of the second and the third building.
- If the ratio between the ages of Hoda, Mona and Ola is 2:4:5 and if the difference between the age of Hoda and that of Mona is 8 years. Calculate the age of each of Hoda, Mona and Ola, between
- The ratio between the length and the width of a rectangle is 9 : 5 : If the perimeter of the rectangle is 56 meters, find out the length and the width of the rectangle, then calculate its area.
- A triangular piece of land the ratio between the lengths of its side is 4 : 6 : 7 .

  If the perimeter of this piece of land equals 51 meters, find the lengths of the sides of the piece land.

5

## Ratio Applications (Rates)

## What do you learn from this leasen?

Eliminate you can one many

- The manning of the rate
- . The neit expenselog for man
- Spring miscellaneous applications on this run.

#### Notice and Tlink

Nabcel held a party for his hirthday. He invited 6 friends. He distributed

f2 pieces of gateaux on 6 plates as 2 pieces for each plate as shown in the opposite figure.



Midnematical invests

- 17s tm

The ratio between 12 pieces
of galeaux to 6 plates is written 2 = 12

or pieces for each plate the ratio



If a car covered 180 kilometres within 3 hours then the speed of this

180 km

car is 30 hours 60 km per hour

i.e. The our moves with speed 60 km / hours (which is called the rate)

The ratio 60km / hour is the rate of covered distance per bour and it is written as (60km / hour)



From the previous we deduce that :

The row or

The ratio between two quantities of different kinds and the unit of rate is the unit of the first quantity per each unit of the second quantity. Delle (1)

Complete the spaces in the following table by writing the suitable rate in front of each statement as in the example:

	The rate				
The statement	Symbolically	Verbally			
A car covers 240km in 3 hours	240/3 = 80 km/hour	80km per hour			
A family spends LE350 in 7 days		LE per day			
A secretary lady writes 320 lines within 4 hours		Line per hour			
A tap pours 360 litres of water in an hour	Carpote Million	Litte per minute			
A butcher sells 108 kg of meat within 9 hours	***************************************				

DMIT (2)

A restaurant's owner prepares 80 food meals, all are of the same kind, using 20kg of meat what is the rate of meat needed for preparing one meal. What is the rate of meat seeded for preparing 4 meals.



## Exercise (1 - 5)

- Hassan spends LE 45 within three days what is the rate of what Hassan spends per day?
- A car consumes 20 litres of petrol to cover a distance 250km, Calculate the rate of consumption of the car to Benzin.
- A plough for agricultural land, ploughs 6 feddars within 3 hours.

  Find the rate of work of this plough. If another plough, ploughs 10 fedar within 4 hours.

  Which of them is better than the other.
- A computer colour printer prints 12 paper each 4 minutes. Find the rate of work of this printer.
- If yazam drinks21 glasses af juice weekly, then the rate of what the drinks daily is?
- Afactory produces 6000 pieces of the soap in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours, anther factory produces 4500 pieces of the soap in  $1\frac{1}{3}$  hours which factory has more production rate?

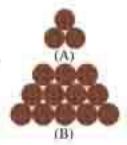
## General exercises on unit 1



- Write the ratio between the two numbers in each of the following cases in the simplest form
  - (a) 16 and 64
- (b) 15 and 105
- (c) 128 and 16
- Write in the simplest form each of the following ratios
  - (a) 2.7: 18.9
- (b)  $5 \frac{9}{4} : 14.5$
- Express in (we different ways the ratio between each two mambers
  - (a) 14, 128
- (b) 2.4, 18
- (c) 185, 370
- Write in the simplest form each of the following cases:
  - (a) half km: 250 metres (b) 125 piasters: 5 pounds (c) 150 grammes: aquarter of kilogram (d) 2,25 feddans: 16 kirats
- Calculate maing the opposite two figures -

The rano between the number of circles in figure. (A) to the number of circles in figure (B)

the ratio between the number of circles in figure (B) to the number of all circles in the two figures (A) and (B)



- An accountain in a bank gam LE 2000 as a monthly salary. He spends his salary and asyes the remainder. Find
  - (a) The ratio between what the accountant spends to his monthly salary,
  - (b) The ratio between what he saves to his salary,
  - (c) The ratio between what he spends to what he saves.
- Afactory produces 5000 juice cass in 8 hours find the production rate pre-hour.
- Awater top is leaking 20 titres at winer in 5 hours, find the leaking rate of water pre hour please advise them.

#### The first unit

## >

#### Technological activity

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calculating the ratio using excel program:

What do you learn from this activity

- Inserting a set of data in Excel cells
- Calculating the ratio between two numbers using the properties of Excel program



#### Example:

A rectangle, its length = 6cm, its width = 4cm calculate its perimeter and its area, then find :

- The ratio between the length of the rectangle and its width.

#### Practical steps

- I- Click (start) then select program, then select Micro soft Excel.
- 2- Write the following data in the curtained cells on the screen of Excel program.
- 3- To calculate the area of a rectangle, determine the cell F4 and write the following: (D4 x C4 = ) Then click (Enter) to get (24) which is the area of the rectangle as shown in the following figure.

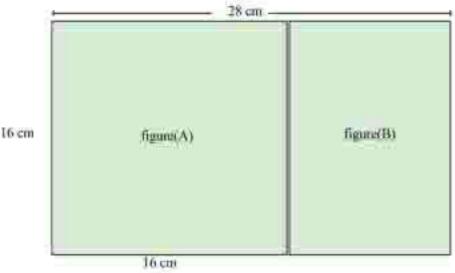


4- To calculate the ratio between the length of the rectangle to its width, determine the two cells D6, C7 and write the following (D4 C4/=) Then click (Enter) to get (1.5)

#### Activities

 Cut off a rectangular piece of a card paper with length 28cm and width 16cm shown in the figure.





- (a) Calculate the ratio between the length of the piece of paper and its width.
- (b) Shears a square from the piece of paper with side length 16cm (figure A), then find
- \* The ratio between the perimeter of the square (figure A) and the perimeter of the whole paper.
- \* The ratio between the area of figure (B) and the area of the square (figure A).
- (C) Calculate the ratio between the side length of the square and the perimeter of figure (B).
- (2) You went to grocery shop and you had LE 30. You asked the grocer about the price of one kg of rice, then he replied: The price is LE 3. Then you asked him about the price of one kg of suguar, he replied, the price of one kg of suguar = 3/4 the price of one kg of rice then you bought 2 kg of rice. 4kg of sugar, Calculate each of the following:
  - \* The price of one kg of suger.
  - \* The ratio between the price of one kg of rice to the price of one kg of sugar.
  - \* The ratio between what you paid to as a price of rice to what you paid as a price of sugar.
  - The ratio between the remainder with you to what you spent.

#### The first unit



- (1) In an exam of mathematics in one class the ratio among the weak pupils to those who succeeded to the excellent pupils was 1 : 4 : 1 ... If the number of all pupils in the class was 30 pupils.
  Calculate the number of succeeded pupils and the number of weaked pupils.
- (2) The ratio between the lengths of the sides of a triangle is 2:3:4. If the perimeter of the triangle is 54 cm, find the length of each side of the triangle.



- (3) A ship for transporting goods among the countries. Consummes 25 litres of fuel to cover a distance 15km. Calculate the rate of consumption of fuel.
- (4) Complete try getting the ratio in each of the following cases:

\* 16 kimt : 1 foodan = ......

(5) If the ratio between the hight of Khalid to the hight of Ahmed is 2: 3 and the ratio between the hight of Ahmed to the hight of Hani is 4: 5. Calculate the ratio between the hight of Khalid to that of Hani.

## The second unit

# Proportion

first lesson The meaning of proportion second lesson The properties of proportion third lesson Drawing scale fourth lesson Proportional division fifth lesson Percentage Sixth lesson Applications on persentage

- General exercises on second unit
- Technology activity
- Activities
- Unit lest

1

## The meaning of proportion

What do you lawn Bara day lesson?

- Through your derive purite pathog you will come us
- \* This immuning of prospertices
- " Writing some forms of proportion

The mathematical concepts of proportion. Think and discuss:

If the price of one Juice can is LE 2 in one of commercial shops.

What is the price of two cans?, 3 cans, 4 cans

The following table shows the number of cans and the number of pounds representing their prices in each case.



4	Number of juice cans	31	2	3	4	5	
EX.	The price in LE	69	+	6	8	1:0	

It is shown from the table that

First: The number of pounds in each ease is produced by multiplying each number of puice cans corresponding to it by 2.

In the first case !

The number of cans = 1

then the number of pounds  $= 1 \times 2 = 2$ 

In the second case  $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

In the third case  $3 \times 2 = 6$  and so on

we can write the ratio between the number of pounds to the number of juice cans in each case as follows

$$\frac{2}{1} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{6}{3} = \frac{8}{4} = \frac{10}{5} = \dots = 2$$
 constant value

We deduce that the ration are all equal

(This focus is cuttod a proportion)

#### Second

The number of juice cans in each case is produced by dividing the corresponding number of pounds by 2

or multiplying it by  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

We can write the rations between the number of juice cans to the number of pounds in each case as follows =  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{5}{10} + \dots$  (constant value)

#### We deduce that all ratios are equal this form is called a proportion

From the previous we can define the proportion as follows The proportion is the equality of two ratios or more.



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### Dell'()

If the price of one kg of apple is LE 8

Complete the following table. Then write some of forms of proportion:

*	The weight of apple in kg	T	2	4		Dist	8	7
	The price in pounds	8			40	48		7

some forms of proportion are ..... = \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

#### Example (1) =

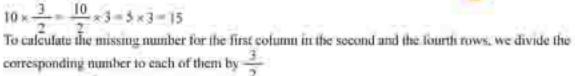
Complete the following table for the numbers in the first column if it is proportional with the corresponding mambers in the second column.

Then write some of forms of proportion

#### Solution

To calculate the missed number in the second column in the third and fifith rows we multiply the corresponding number to each of them by  $\frac{3}{2}$  to be

$$6 \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{2} \times 3 = 3 \times 3 = 9,$$
  
 $10 \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{10}{2} \times 3 = 5 \times 3 = 15$ 



i.e. multiply 
$$\approx \frac{2}{3}$$
 to be

$$6 \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{3} \times 2 = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$12 \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \times 2 = 2 \times 4 = 8$$
  
After completing the table the proportion will be

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{8}{12} = \frac{10}{15}$$

Some form of proportion  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$ 

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{10}{15}$$
,  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{12}$ 

벑

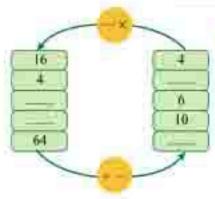
## Drut (2)

Complete the following table for the corresponding numbers if the two rows of the table are proportional, then write some forms of proportion.

3	fi i	-	1.5		10
-4		12	-	281	-

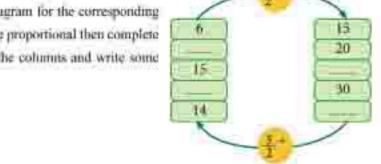
## Exercise (2 - 1)

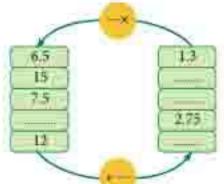




Compplete the opposite diagram for the corresponding numbers in the two columns of the table are proportional, then complete the form of proportion below the columns.

Complete the opposite diagram for the corresponding numbers in the two columns are proportional then complete the form of proportion below the columns and write some forms of proportion.





Complete the opposite diagrams for the corresponding numbers in the two columns are proportional, then write some of forms of proportion.

## Properties of proportion

What do you blam from this DALLING

Timage year active participating you will comutation

- to sufrequire all automatics of proposition.
- Botermine the terms of propuellos
- determine the 1490 extrames and the two means of any propertion
- Plind to mixing forms and proportion using the ortion misot myin

#### Уплинического совещи.

- The serme of propertion.
- The waterman
- The mount

Notice and think through the following figures:

$$\left[\frac{2}{3}\right] = \left[\frac{8}{12}\right]$$



We multiply the two terms of the ratio  $\frac{2}{3}$  by 4 to get the proportion  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$ 

in the second case

We divide the two terms of the ratio  $\frac{21}{33}$  by 3 to get the proportion  $\frac{21}{33} = \frac{7}{11}$ 

#### from the previous we deduce the following property.



We can form a proportion if we have a ratio as follows:

By multiplying the two terms of the ratio by a non - zero number then the resultant ratio is equal to the first one

(i.e. we get a proportion)

 Also by dividing the two terms of the given ratio by a non – zero number then the resultant ratio is equal to the first one ri.e. we get a proportion).

#### Notice that

In the first case the proportion  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$ 

The numbers 2, 3, 8 and 12 are called proportional numbers.

The terms of proportion is called as shown in the opposite figure.



The two terms (2:12) are called the extremes and the two numbers (3, 8) are called the means as shown in the opposite diagram.

### Dente(f)

### Notice and complete the following table as in the example

Proportion	Terms of proportion	Extremes	Means
$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{28}$	1.417128	1 28	34.17
$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{6}{18}$	2	2	6,
= 20	5 7	5	



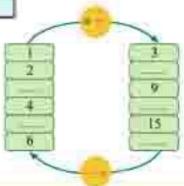
### Drill (2)

A library owner selfs the colours case for LE 3

complete the opposite diagram of sails

Then write some of forms of proportion

The proportion is --- = --- = --- = ---





## Phink mil

		Prop	ortion		
$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15}$		$\frac{7}{4} = \frac{28}{16}$		2 4	36
The product of extremes	The product of means	The product of extremes	The graduat	The product of extremes	The product of moon
1=15=45	5×9=-45	7×16~112	4×28~ 112	2 × 36 = 72	3×24-72

Compare between the produce of extrames and the product of means in each proportion and show what you deduce.

You will deduce the following property

1Ftwo ratios are equal then

The product of the extremes - the product of the means

### Drill (2)

Determine which of the following ratios in each case represents a proportion (take the first case as a hint for you).

(1) 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
,  $\frac{6}{15}$  represents a proportion because  $2 \times 15 = 30$  and  $5 \times 6 = 30$ 

i.e. The product of the extremes - the product of the means

i.e. The product of the extremes ....... The product of the means.

### Example (1)

Find the missed term denoted by a in the following proportion

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{10}{3}$$

### Solution

We can determine the missed term (x) by two methods as follows:

First using the correspondence between numbers in rows and columns

(a) by using the correspondence between numbers in rows

First row 2, 10

Second row 6 x

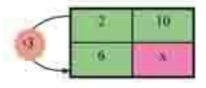
We notice that 2 became 6

i.e. it is multiplied by 3

Therefore multiply 10 by 3 to get

$$x = 10 \times 3 = 30$$
 then the proportion

$$x = 10 \times 3 = 30$$
 then the proportion  
because  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{10}{30}$ 



### (b) Using the correspondence between the numbers in columns

10.0	ref	co	er i	m

The second column





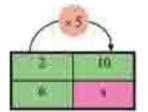
We notice that 2 became 10

i.e. it is we multiply 6 by 5 to get  $x = 6 \times 5 = 30$  then the proportion becomes  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{10}{30}$ 

Second: by using the property of proportion which is the product of extremes - the product of means

since 
$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{10}{x}$$
 Then we get  $2 \times x = 6 \times 10$ 

since 
$$\frac{2}{6} + \frac{10}{x}$$
 Then we get  $2 \times x = 6 \times 10$  dividing by 2 for the two sides  $\frac{2 \times x}{2} = \frac{6 \times 10}{2}$  We get  $x = \frac{60}{2} = 30$  Then the proportion becomes  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{10}{30}$ 



### Second unit

### Example (2)

If the numbers 4, x, 12, 18 are proportional find the value of x

### Solution 1

Since the numbers are proportional

Therefore we can put it in the form of a proportion which is

$$\frac{4}{x} = \frac{12}{18}$$

Using the property of proportion which is the product of the extremes - the product of the means we get

$$12 = x = 18 = 4$$
 dividing by 12

$$\frac{12 \times x}{12} = \frac{18 \times 4}{12}$$
 we get  $x = \frac{18}{3} = 6$ 

Then we can write the proportion in the form  $:\frac{4}{6} = \frac{12}{18}$ 

### Example (3)

In a shop for selling juice. 2 kg of orange have been squeezed to get 6 glasses of orange juice to clients If 5 kg of orange have been squeezed, how many glasses of juice will be gotten to offer to clients and how many kg of oranges are needed to get 27 glasses of orange juice to the offents?



#### Solutions

Such these type of problems can be solved through representing their data in a table as follows -

The weight in kg	2	5	Y
Number of glasses	6	ж	27

#### First

We can get the value of x regarding 2.6.5 and x

(4 proportional terms)

Then the proportion is in the form  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{5}{\kappa}$ 

(from the property of proportion)

 $2 \times x = 5 \times 6$ 

(diving by 2)

$$\frac{2 + x}{2} = \frac{5 \times 6}{2}$$
 then we get  $x = \frac{30}{2} = 15$  glasses and the proportion is in the form

#### Second

We can get the value of y regarding 2, 6, y, 27 are four proportional terms therefore the proportion is  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{y}{27}$  (from the property of proportion)

Then 6 \* y = 2 \* 27 dividing by 6

$$\frac{6 \times y}{6} = \frac{2 \times 27}{6}$$
 we get  $y = \frac{2 \times 27}{6} = 9 \text{kg}$  of orange the proportion is in the form  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{9}{27}$ 

### Exercise (2 - 2)



Find x in each of the following proportions

(a) 
$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{15}{8}$$
 (b)  $\frac{8}{6} = \frac{20}{30}$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{x}{6} = \frac{20}{30}$$

Find the missed number (x) for the following numbers to be proportional 6, 8, 3, x

Ali bought 5 kg of orange, he paid LE 15. How much money does he pay to buy 8 kg?

A car consumms 20 litre of Benzin for covering 210 km, How many litre of Benzin does the car consumm to cover 630 km.



The ratio between Hany's weight to the weight of his father = 3:5 what is Hany's weight if the weight of his father is 90kg.

A primary school, its building height is 14 metre and the shade of this building at a certian moment is 5m length. What is the height of a tree in the same moment if its shade length is 3 metres?



3

### Drawing Scale

### What do you have from this lesson?

Fitcough your action participation con-safe some inc.

- the meaning of drawing ands
- those to calculate the diarrang scale in different
- the minimum between
- with drawing scale
- how to calculate the seal bounds of a shing
- now so calculate the
- showing length of a dring

### Mathematical encoopt

- the and langet
- me drawing length
- the answere scale
- пинит жит
- polacgymmi

### The meaning of drawing scale

#### Think and discuss

Khalid made a party for his birthday. During the party, some photo – pictures were taken to him and his companies. After wards, Khalid measured his length in the picture to be 15cm, while the read length is 150cm



that means that 15cm in the picture represents 150cm in reality.
i.e. the ratio between the length of Khalid in the picture to his real length is

i.e. each one cm in the picture represents 10cm in reality.

That means that

This ratio is called (the ormwing static)

### Example (1)

An engineering design for a villa is made. If the height of the fence of the villa in the design is 5cm and its real height is 3 metres find the drawing scale.

#### Solution :

We should convert the two heights to the same unit.



The height of the fence in the picture = 5 cm

the real height of the fence =  $3 \text{ cm} = 3 \times 100 = 300 \text{ cm}$ 

The drawing scale = the drawing length + the real length =  $\frac{5}{300} = \frac{1}{60}$ 

That means that each 1cm in the drawing represents 60cm in reality.



Adel took a magnified picture with a camera:

If the length of an insect in the picture is 10cm and its real length is 2mm. Find the drawing scale.



#### Solution (

We should convert the two lengths to the same length unit

The real length of the insect = 2mm

The length in the drawing  $= 10cm \times 10 = 100mm$ 

The drawing scale 
$$\frac{\text{The drawing length}}{\text{The real length}} = \frac{100}{2} = \frac{50}{1}$$

This means that each 50mm in the drawing represent 1mm in reality.

#### Remark:

Now we have a drawing scale less than one which is  $\frac{1}{10}$  as in the case of the picture of Khalid and as in the design of the villa. And we have a drawing scale greater than one which is (50:1) as in the case of the magnified picture of the insect.



- \* If (The drawing scale 1) this expresses minimization as in the designs of engineering establishments Maps of countries pictures of persons or places. .... etc.
- \* If the drawing scale > 1) this expresses enlargement as in the case of the picture of the insect magnifying the picture of a person ...... etc.

### Example (3)

If the drawing scale which is registered on a map of some inhabitant's cities is 1 500000 and if the distance between two cities on this map is 3cm. Find the real distance between them.

### Solution:

Since the drawing scale = The length in the drawing The length in reality

And from the property of proportion

The product of the extremes = The product of the means

We get

The length in reality x = 3x500000

The length in reality = 1500 000

And converting the answer into Km

We get

The length in reality  $\frac{1500000}{100000} = 15 \text{ km}$ 

### Distil

In a mapping picture for some cities is drawn by a drawing scale 1 : 400 000. If the real distance between two cities is 46 km Find the distance between them on the map

We notice from the previous that

The problems which are connected with the drawing scale are determined in three kinds they are:

First kind:- Calculating the drawing scale

(as in examples 1, 2)

Second kind - Calculating the real length

i as in examples 37

Third kind :- Calculating The drawing length

(as ni The drift)

### Exercise (2 - 3)



A picture of a building is taken with a drawing scale of 1 = 1000. If the height of the building in the picture is 3 cm, what is its real height?

Abmed draw a picture to his brother Osama with a drawing scale 1 : 40. If the real hight of Osama is 160 cm, What is his hight in the picture?

A magnified picture of an insect was taken with enlargement ratio 100; f If the length of the insect on the picture is 2.5 cm

What is the real length of the insect?

If the distance between two cities on a map is 3 cm, and the real distance between them is 9 km.

Find the drawing scale of the map and what does it mean? Then

If the distance between two cities on the same map is 5 cm, calculate the real distance between the two cities.

Complete the following table.

Description of the cuse	Drawing scale	Drawing length	Real length	enlargement minimization
The distance between two squares on a map of a town	1:50000	2cm		
The length of a playground of apacture of sport playgrounds	1:3600		12 m	
The height of a house on a picture of a quarter		3cm	18m	

Arctangular piece of Land of area 1200m<sup>8</sup> it is drawin adrawing scale 1:200,if its longth in drawing is 20 cm find:

- (a) the real longth of the hand
- (b) the real width of the hand
- If the longth of the suez canal on amap of drawing scale 1:1100000 is 15cm find its read lenth in kilomters.

### The proportional division

What do you have much this

Chremali your active Mission solution count his

- The meaning of proportional division
- How to many out the operation of proportional
- Solving missetismoops applications on proportional division

Mathematical images peoportional distairm The meaning of proportional division

Read and think Then discuss Through the following examples

Example 1

A father distributed LE 600 between his sons Maged and Ramez at the begining of The school year to buy the school uniform in ratio 5:7

What is the share of one of them?

Solution

Magid's share | Ramez's Share

i.e the Sum of parts of distributing the sum = 5 + 7 = 12 parts

The value of each part =  $\frac{600}{12}$  = LE 50 Magid's Share = 5 x 50 = LE 250

Ramez Share = 7 x 50 = LE 350

Notice That: in this example The sum of money is diminimal by a given ratio 5. 7 between two:

DATESTICAL.

Such as this division called propositional

dictions

### Example 2

A man died and left a piece of lend for building, its area is 17 kirats.

We recommended for building on orphun house on area equals 5 kirats. The remainder is distributed between his son and his daughter in the ratio 2:1. Calculate the share of each of them from the land.

Solution

The remainder = 17 - 5 = 12 kinut

The son's share : The daughter's share

2

in the Sum of parts in which the remained land will be distributed = 3 parts that means 12 kirat equal 3 parts

i.e the value of each part =  $\frac{12}{3}$  =4 kirats. The son's share = 4 × 2 = 8 kirats. The daughter's share = 4×1 = 4 kirats.

Notice that in this example, the area of the land has been distributed by a give ratio 2-1 Such as this division is called proportional division.

5 10

grade

amide.

From the previous we deduce that

The proportional distance

Is dividing a thing (money, lands, weights. )

With a given ratio



sex "grade

### Example 3

The number of pupils in the grades four, five, and six) in a primary school is 399 pupils If the number of the pupils of the fourth grade. Equals  $\frac{4}{3}$  the number of pupils of the fifth grade and the number of pupils of the fifth grade equals  $\frac{6}{5}$  the number of pupils of the sixth grade calculate the number of pupils of each grade.

#### Solution

The problem will be solved by getting the ratio among the three grades.

Using the idea of L.C,M of (3 and 6) which is 6 we will get that the sum of parts = 8 + 6 + 5 = 19 parts.

That means that 399 pupils equate 19 parts.

i.e The value of each part = 399 + 19 = 21 pupils

The number of pupils of fourth grade  $= 8 \times 21 = 168$  pupils

The number of pupils of fifth grade =  $6 \times 21 = 126$  pupils

The number of pupils of faurth grade =  $5 \times 21 = 105$  pupils

Notice that solution is carried out by the idea of L. C. M to get the ratio among three matthers and the solution is completed as previous.

### verifying the much of the solution

You can check the truth of your solution as follows

The number of pupils of 4 " grade	168	84	12	4
The number of pupils of 5 th grade	126	63	9	3



### Example 4

Three persons participated in a commercial (project) with capital LE 60000.

The first paid LE 15000. The second paid LE 25000 and the third paid LE 20000 At the end of the year, the profit was LE 5520 Calculate the share of each of them.

#### Solution

What the 1" p	bia	what the 2" paid		what the 3" paid
15000		25000	ï	20000
15		25	4	20
3	0.0	3	20	4

The sum of parts = 3+5+4=12 parts

That means that

LE 5520 equate 12 parts

The value of each part = 
$$\frac{5520}{12}$$
 = LE 460  
The share of the First =  $3 \times 460$  = LE 1380

The share of the second =  $5 \times 460 = LF 2300$ 

The share of the Third = 4×460 = LE 1840

Notice That in such as these problems the profits are distributed by the ratio among the paid money

### in the project

Verifying the mith of the solution

You can check the truth of the solution as follows

The share of the first: The share of The second: the share of the third



1380	3:	2300	23	(840)	(dividing by 10)
138		230	2.	184	(dividing by 23)
do .	i	10	- 1	8	(dividing by 2)
9		14		240	

This are the some ratio among. The paid money by each person

### Example 5

A load of apple fruit weighs 280 kg, is distributed among three merchants \_

The share of the first =  $\frac{2}{3}$  the share of the second and the share

of the second =  $\frac{4}{5}$  the share of the third

Calculate the share of each of them from this load

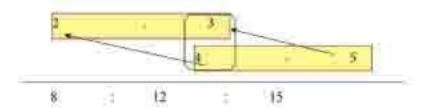


#### Solution

The share of the 1"

The share of the 2st

the share of the 3 "



### Notice that (L.C.M) of (3,4) is 12 incretore

The sum of parts = 8 + 12 + 15 = 35 parts

That means

280 kg equate 35 parts

Le The value of each part =  $\frac{280}{35}$  =8kg

The share of the first =  $8 \times 8 = 64 \text{ kg}$ .

The share of the second =  $12 \times 8 = 96 \text{ kg}$ 

The share of the third  $-15 \times 8 - 120 \text{ kg}$ 

### Verifying the much of the of solution you can check the truth of the solution as follows .

The share of the first the share of the second

64 96 (divided by 2)

32 : 48 (dividing by 10)

2 3

This is the given cutio.

The share of the second the share of the third

96 : 120 (dividing by 2)

48 : 60 (dividing by 12)

4 5

this is the given main.

### Drill

Hoda, Mona and Thamaa participated in a commerce. Hoda paid LE 1500, Mona paid LE 2000 and Thanaa paid LE 2500. At the end of the year the loss of the company was LE 1200 Find the share of each of them from loss.

# Exercise (2 - 4)

- A piece of building land is distributed between two brothers in the ratio 7:5. If the share of the first one exceeds the share of the second by 80 square metre. Find the area of the land and the share of each of the first and the second.
- The number of pupils of a primary school in the 1°, the 2 st and the 3 st grades is 240 pupils. If the ratio among the three grades is 5 ; 4 : 3.

Calculate the number of pupils in each grade.

- A father distributes. LE 225 among his three sons. The share of the first was third of the sum and the ratio between the share of the second and the share of the third was 2:3. Find the share of each them.
- It is solving the illiteracy problem at a village, 3 classes have been opened for solving this problem, the number of learners was 92 Person.

If the number of learners in the 1" class =  $\frac{2}{3}$  the number of learners in the 2" class and the number of learners in the 2" class =  $\frac{5}{7}$  the number of learners in the 3" class. Find the number of learners in each class.

In one of our schools, there are 560 students, if the number of girls =  $\frac{3}{5}$  the number of boys find each of the number of boys and girls?

5

### Percentage

What do you been from this tenour?

Historical years of the countries of the

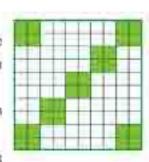
The manning of cirroonnage

- How to infesting the percentage of a thing
- Converting this percentage to a fraction.
- converting a fraction in a percention.
- receiping life problems on

Mathematical concept The protocolar Notice and think

The apposite figure represents a big square divided into 100 small squares, all of them are equal in side length.

The ratio between the shaded part by green calour to the big square =  $\frac{28}{100}$  or  $28 \pm 100$ Notice that the first term in this ratio is 28



and the second term of the ratio is 100 such as this ratio is called a percentage and it is written in the form 28 % and it is read 28 percent.

From the previous we deduce that



The percentage is a ratio its second term is 100 and it is demand by %

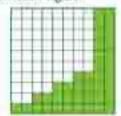
### Notice from the figure that

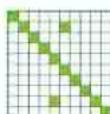
The ratio of the unshaded part = 72 % and it is read as 72 percent.

The ratio of the shaded part and the unshaded part = 100 % = 72 % = 28 %.

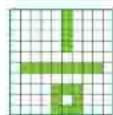
Britt

Write the percentage which expresses the shaded part and that which represents the unshaded part below each figure





The percentage of the shaded part = ...... The percentage of the unshaded part = ...



The percentage of the shaded part = ...... The percentage of the unshaded part = .....

### Remarks from life

- When you enter a bank or post office and you read the statement.
- The interest of the saving eard is 10 % in the year.
- That means that each LE 100 has an interest or profit = LE 10 so the total amount = EL
- 110. That because the interest (10% for each LE 100) is calculated as follows  $\frac{10}{100} \times 100 =$  LE 10 which is add to the sum LE 100.
- When you read the statement (The percentage of the discount is 30%) in a commercial shop. That means that.

Each LF 100 has a discount = LF 30 and you pay to the shop LE 70 only That because the percentage of discount (30 % for each LE 100) is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{30}{100} \times 100 = \text{LE } 30$$
 which is discounted from each LE 100 as paying

When you read on a piece of clothes the following statement (the ingradients 45 % wool,
 25 % cotton30 % synthetic) that means that the sum of all these ingradients = 45 % ± 25
 45 % = 100%

#### Remark

100 % of amount = The all amount.

- the total unit of the amount

i.e the total amount.

### Drill (1)

Explain the meaning of the following statements

- The discount on purchases 22%
- The interest on saving money = 9.5%
- The ingredients 100 % Cotton
- The ingredients 55% wool and the remainder is synthetic

### Drill (2)

Calculate the paid money for the following purchases in a company.

#### Which offer discounts or its sails

- I- A shirt, its price is LE 65 and the discount is 15 %.
- 2+ An Iron, its price is LE 120 and the discount is 20%
- 3- A computer, its price is LF 2700 and the discount is 9%

### Converting a percentage into a common fraction or a decimal.

### Example 1

In a class the number of bogs was 35% from the total number of pupils.

- What is the percentage of girls?
- Convert each of the previous percentage into a common fraction them to a decimal.



#### Selution

- The percentage of girls = 100% 35% = 65%
- Converting the percentage into to a common fraction

The percentage of bays is 
$$35\% = \frac{35}{100} = \frac{7}{20}$$

The percentage of girls is  $65\% = \frac{65}{100} = \frac{13}{20}$ 

- Converting the percentage into a decimal

The percentage of boys is 
$$35\% = \frac{35}{100} = 0.35$$

The percentage of girls is 65 % =  $\frac{65}{100}$  = 0. 65 (a decimal)

(common fraction)

(common fraction)

(n decimil)

### DMIL (3)

An agricultural piece of land. The cultivated part of it by vegetable is 40%. Convert this percentage to common fraction and to decimal.

Converting a common fraction or a decimal into percentage)

### Example2

In a village the ratio between the not educated people to those who are educated is 4:25

Write this ratio in the form of a percentage



### Second unit

### Solution

4.25 is equivalent to  $\frac{4}{25}$ . To convert  $\frac{4}{25}$  to a percentage we should make the second term in this ratio = 100 This will be multiplying the two terms by 4

i.e. 
$$\frac{4}{25} = \frac{4}{25} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{16}{100}$$

### Drill (5)

Convert each of the following Common fractions into percentage as the first case

$$n) = \frac{3}{4}$$

#### Solution

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{25}{25} = 75\%$$

#### Remnik

To convert the common fraction into percentage we try to make the denominator =100

This will be done by dividing the fraction by 100 and multiplying it by 100 - to convert the decimal into percentage we convert it to a common fraction and do whiit we did before

### Example 3

In an English exam, Adel scored 13 marks from 20 marks find the percentage of the scored mark of Adel in English.

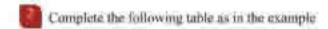
### Solution

The mark of Adel in the exam =  $\frac{13}{20}$ 

The percentage of Adel's mark = 
$$\frac{13}{20} \times \frac{5}{5} = \frac{65}{100} = 65\%$$

# Exercise (2 - 5)

In a school trip, 12 pupils from 25 pupils in a class have participated in finding the percentage of the participant pupils.



The fraction	The percentage	The symbol	Verbal expression
0.75	75 100	75%	75 precent
0.06			6 precent
		40%	***************************************
11 25			

Magid bought a T- shirt, labelled on a small card on it (made of cotton and synthetic).

The percentage of the synthetic 40 % only calculate the percentage of cotton then find the equivalent fraction to each percentage.

If the percentage of the number of girls in a class which is mixed is 67% find the percentage of the number of boys in this class.

In a conditioned carriage in a train the number of occupied seats is 48 seats if the number of seats of the emriage is 60 seats calculate.

- The percentage of the occupied seats.
- The percentage of the empty seass related to the number of occupied seass.

### Applications on the percentage

While do your book from this BESSON!

Chrome your wares Intricipating you will

grown its

How to caldidate ifter Interest, illusorint, given the percentage of each of them. time to addition the perconnice of the profit of loss given the volue of each. of door

flow-to-calinnam the salling prior is wearthy buying prior and the precentage of profit of best bow to and tilling the his its price given the setting price and the percentage of profit or less.

Mallomatik temperak

- The interest, discount
- The profit the loss
- The selfing price-
- The buying price
- The percentage of increase
- rist (fections)

First: Calculating the interest or discount.

### Example I

Sara deposit LE 9000 in a bank.

The percentage of interest is 11% per year

What is the amount of this sum after one year.

Solution

The deposit sum = LE 9000

the interest =  $\frac{11}{100}$  x 9000 =



The amount of the sum after one year = the sum = the interest - 9000 + 990 - 9990 pounds

### Example

In one of commercial shops the percentage of the discount on sails is 20%. If Ahmed bought a trousers,

The price written on it was LF 80 find what Ahmed paid after the discount.

Solution

The essential price of the troosers - LE 80

The discount = 
$$\frac{20}{100} \times 80 = LE.16$$
  
What Ahmed paid = The essential price — The discount

### Deill (1)

In one of commercial shops, the milk box is bought for LE 5. If you bought two boxes there would be a discount = 15% for every two boxes. Calculate the buying price of 6 boxes of milk.

Is the saved money enough to buy my boxes of milk "

#### Second

### Calculating the percentage of profit or loss

Important remarks

- The profit means = Selling price (buying price + costs)
- The loss means = (buying price + other costs.) selling price

### Example 3

A showkeeper of cars bought a car for LE 45000 Then he spent LE 5000 for repairing it Then he sold it for 55000 pounds Calculate the percentage of profit



### Solution

The original price of the car = LE 45000

The Costs of repairing It = LE 5000

The profit after selling - The selling price

- ( The baying price + Cost price)
- =55000 (45000 + 5000)
- 55000 50000 LE 5000

The Percentage of the profit 
$$\frac{5000}{50000} = \frac{5}{50} = \frac{10}{100} = 10 \%$$

### Example 4

A fruit seller bought a load of fruit for LE 18000 After buying it be found a bad part of it because of miss – shopping.

He bought the remainder for LE 16000 find the percentage of his loss.

#### Solution

The original price of fruit = LE 18000

The selling price - LE 16000

the percentage of loss 
$$=$$
  $\frac{2000}{18000} = \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{100}{100}$ 

### Third > Calculating the selling price and the buying price

### Example 3

Find the buying price of goods sold for LE 21520 and the percentage of profit is 15% and find the profit.

### Solution

Buying price	profit	setting price	
100	15	155 (number of parts)	
200		21520 (values in pounds)	

Since the buying price 
$$=\frac{100}{115}$$
 x the selling price  $=\frac{100}{115}$  x 21520  $=$  LE 18 713

### Driil (2)

complete the following table.

The kind	Buying	Selling price	profit	Percentage of profit
TV	1800	2000	Water Comment	
Refregerator	2400			12%
Washing		3100	175	

### Dell[(3)

Heba bought an electric sweeping machine for LF 220, if the discount is 15% Calculate the original price of the sweeping machine before discount.

### Delli (4) Complete the following table.

The original price	Percentage of discount	Discount	The price after discount
560	10%		************
	15%	45	
***************************************		32	192

# Exercise (2 - 6)

- Calculate the paid value in each of the following purchases in a company which offers discounts on its sales:
  - I- A shirt with price LE 65 at 15% discount.
  - 2- An iron with price LE 120 at 20% discount.
  - 3- A computer with price LE 2700 at 9% discount.
- Khaled bought a flat for LE 150000. He sold it at 5% loss, calculate the selling price of the flat.
- In a shop, the original price of a blouse was LE 120 and the original price of a dress was LE 350. Hoda bought them at 15% discount, calculate what Hoda paid after discount.
- A merchant bought a quantity of frozen meat for LE 200000. After buying it, he found that a part of it was expired due to bad storing. He sold the rest for LE 180000. Find the percent of loss.
- If the cost price of a set of electric appliances is LE 72000 and it is sold at 12% profit, calculate the selling price.

### General exercises on unit 2



Complete the following table for the corresponding numbers in the two rows of the table are proportional. Then write some form of this proportion.

2	3	-	18		700
12		36	00000	:00	

Find the number x in each of the following cases:

a) 
$$\frac{2}{7} = \frac{8}{x}$$

b) If the numbers 9, 21, 3 and x are proportional

(c) 
$$\frac{x}{9} = 15\%$$
 d)  $\frac{x + 18}{9} = 8$ 

If the distance between two cities on a map is 10 cm, the real distance between them is 120 km, Find the drawing scale of the map. And if the distance between two other cities on the same map is 6 am calculate the real distance between them-

A picture was take to an artificial scene with a drawing scale 1:100, If the real length of a tree is 8 meter find its length in the picture.

two persons started a commercial business the first paid LE 5000 and the second paid LE 8000. At the end of the year the profit was IF. 3900. Calculate the share of each of them from the profit.

A company for selling the electric sets it shows T.V for LE 2100. If the percentage of the profit is 12 % find the buying price of t.y



### A technological activity

### The subject of the activity

Converting the decimal to a percentage using Excel programma:

What do you learn from this activity?

- Open Excel programme through the computer
- · Enserting data through Excel programme.
- + Converting the decimal into a percentage using the properties of Excel programme



Convert each of the following decimals into a percentage

(b) 0.058.

### Practical procedure

- 1- Click (start) then select program them select Microsoft Excel.
- 2- write the following data in the determined cells on the screen of the program as in the flowing figure ...
- 3- To Calculate the percentage of the decimal (0.26) determine the cell D 4 and write the following (100/ B4 100= ).

Then click (Enter) then the result will appear to 26 %.

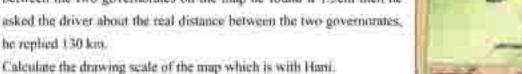
To Calculator the percentage of the decimal 0.085, determine the cell D5 and write the following (100 / B5 x 100 = ) then click (Enter ) to appear the result (5.6%) as show in the following figure.



### Secretal unit



- I- A triangular garden in a school the ratio between its sides lengths is 3:4:5. If the perimeter of the garden is 120 meter. Calculate the lengths of the sides of the garden.
- 2- Ham travelled with his father from Carro to Esmaellia. He has a map for Egyptian governorates. His father asked him to measure the distance between the two governorates on the map he found it 1.3cm then he asked the driver about the real distance between the two governorates, he replied 130 km.



3-The opposite figure a rectangle ABCD in which AB=8cm ,CHEF a square 5cm .if  $\frac{CH}{HB} = \frac{2}{3}$ 



- (a) the length of AD
- (b) A perimeter shaded part of the figure
- (c) the ratio between the area of the square to the area of the rectangle
- (d) Area of the shaded part ( usemore than one way )
- 4- Apicture of a butterfly its length of 42mm, has been enlarged so that become a length Xm.m,width 6,3m.m

find:

The magnifying ratio, the valueofx in cm.



- I- Find the missed number (x) if the numbers 3, 4, 9, x are proportional
- Write in the form of a common fraction in its simplest form each of the following.

3- The number of pupils of grades first, second and third in a primary school is 480 pupils If the ratio among the number of pupils in the first grade to those of second grade to those of the third garde is 6:5:4

Calculate the number of pupils in each grade.

- 4. Nahed brught an automatic washing machine for LE 3600 and the discount was 10% Calculate the original price of the washing marchine. Before discount .
- 5- An ediffice of height 12 meters. It's shade at a mornoment was 4 meters. What is the height of a tree neighboured to the edifice if its shade = 2 meter long at the same moment.
- Huni, khaled and Fady shared a commercial business, Hani, paid LE 30000; Khaled paid LE 40000 and Fady paid LE: 5000.

At the end of the year the loss was 5000 pounds find the share of them from the loss.

7- A shop keeper for electric sets sold a refrigerator for LE 3180 If the percentage of his profit is 6%. find the baying price.

### The third unit

# Geometry and measurement

The first lesson: The relations between the geometrical shapes .

The second lesson :- the Visual patterns

The third lesson :- Volumes

The forth lesson :- The volume of the cuboids

The fifth lesson :- the volume of the cube

The sixth lesson:- Capacity

- . General excercises on the unit .
- · technological activity.
- \* Activities
- . test of the unit.

## 1

### The relations between the geometrical shapes

### What 60 you learn from this lesson?

fromgt your surve puttingmost you will come to:

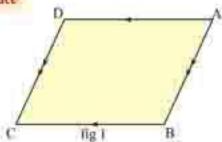
- doducing the proporties of the paralleloguum.
- the relation between the purchatogram and such of the reamingle, the square and the thouthus
- Solving miscellamons applications using the properties of the geometric shapes and the volutions browses them.

#### Mathematical Concepts

The two connective males in the position grass

### Activity1

#### Notice and deduce



In the fig 1

ABCD is a parallelogram that means

#### First:-

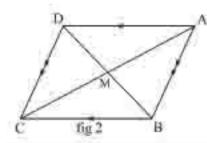
Using the geometric tools in fig 1 Check that

$$Z-m(\angle A)=m(\angle C)$$

$$m(\angle B) = m(\angle D)$$

$$3 - m(\angle A) + m(\angle B) = 180$$

$$m(\angle B) + m(\angle C) = 180$$



### Second-

Using the geometric tools in fig (2) Check that

$$AM = CM \cdot BM = DM$$



### From first and second we deduce that

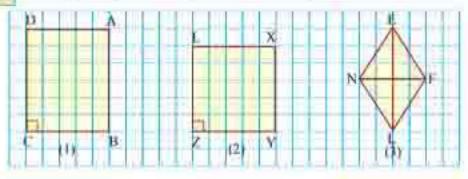
The parallelogram is a quadrilateral in which >

- Each two opposite sides are parallel and equal in length
- Each two opposite angles are equal in measure
- the num of the measures of any two consecutive angles equils 180\*.
- The two diagonals bisect each other.

56

Drift 1

Study the figures on the square lattice then complete and deduce



ABCD is a rectangle

In which

AD //....

X YZL is

a square in

which

XI.//....

EFLN is

A rhombus in which

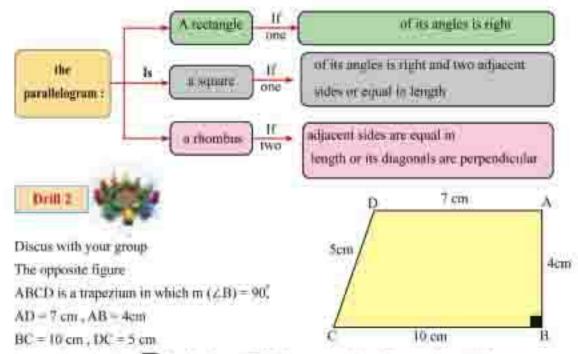
EF //.....

FL // ....

From the cases 1,2 and 3 we deduce that

Each of the rectangle, the square and the rhombus is a parallelogram.

We can summarize that is the following sketch of concepts.



Locate the point X on BC for the figure ABXD is a rectangle In this case there will be

### Geometry and measure

$$AB = \dots = \dots = \dots = \dots = \dots = \dots$$
 then the perimeter of  $\triangle$   $DxC = \dots = \dots = \dots$ 

### Example 1

In the opposite figure in ( $\angle A$ ) = 53 , in ( $\angle D$  BC) = 45  $^{\circ}$ 

Calculate without using measuring tools each of

3-AC

4-AD, DC using the properties of the pmillelogram.



### The first required:-

Finding in ( ABD)

Since  $m(\angle A) + m(\angle B) = 180$  (two consecutive angles)

The second required.

 $M(\angle D) = m(\angle H)$  (two opposite angles)

The m (
$$\angle D$$
) =  $82^{\circ} + 45^{\circ} = 127^{\circ}$ 

### The third required

$$AC = AM + CM = 6 + 6 = 12 \text{ cm}$$

(The two diagonals bisects each other)

### The foorth required

AD = BC = 8 cm (The two opposite sides are equal in length)



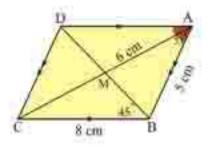
In the opposite figure

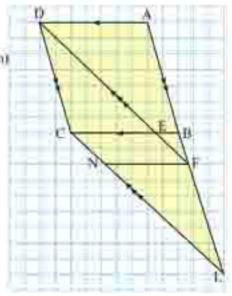
Name and write 3 parallelograms

In the figure

Name and write 3 trapeziums in the figure

Name and write 3 triangles in the figure







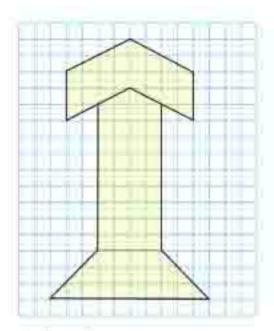
# complete the following due to what you studied about the properties of quadratic geometric shapes.

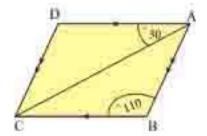
- a) The four sides are equal in length in each of ...., ......
  - b) The two diagonals are equal in length in each of .....
  - c) The two diagonals are perpendicular in each of .....
  - d) The four angles are right in each of .....
  - e) The two opposite angles are equal in each of .....
  - () The two diagonals bisects each ether in each of .....

## In the opposite figure try to use the geometric tools

To get the greatest possible number of parallelogram

Colour the resuting paralleleograms in different colour





the opposite figure shows a parallelogram in which.

$$M(\angle B) = 110^{\circ}$$
,  $m(\angle DAC) = 30^{\circ}$   
Find  $m(\angle D)$ ,  $m(\angle BAC)$   
 $m(\angle ACD)$ 



### in the opposite figure

ABCD is parallelogram in which

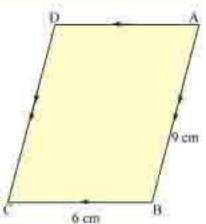
AB=9 cm  $_{*}BC=6$  cm  $_{*}$  Determine the point X on the side  $\overline{AB}$  such that AX=BC

And determine the point Y on the side DC such that DY = BC

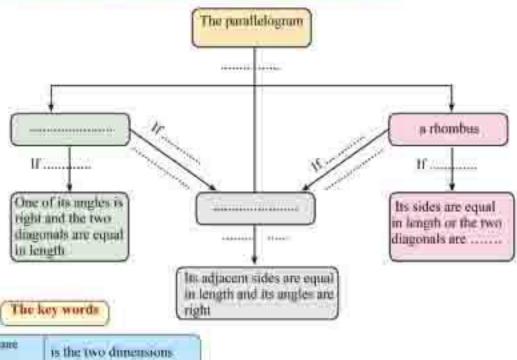
### Complete the following:

- The figure AXYD represents ...... Because ......
- The figure ABCY represents ...... Because .....
- The figure XBCY represents ..... Because ......
- The type of the triangle AXY according to its sides

is because



### Complete the following sketch of concepts using the key words below it



A square
A rectangle as the two dimensions are equal the two diagonals are equal in length

## The visual patterns

What do you learn them this Ninoseti/

Drengti your active motherpaining you said POCOSIII INC

- The suncept of sinus. DUCTETT
- +discrete (he ) must puttern
- Diagonistic a little policine ma completion in reprince
- : Forming a total pattern from gommulata allugara
- Districting the visual more is our plant title
- Challing repetition of the confident and communities inimably to them see art flaure

Think and discuss

In the previous years you have studied the visual patterns and the numerical patterns

> - the visual pattern is a consequence of shapes or symbols according to a certian rule.



The following examples represents visual patters and its description is below it.



(The description of the pattern is repetition of)



Mathemalical whereast permanent



(The description of the pattern is repetition of )

Delli i

Discover the pattern in the following, then write its description and complete its repetition twice



...... ( the description of the pattern .......)



...... ( the description of the pattern ......)

Delli 2	Discuss with your group, then draw the next shape in each pattern in each of the following.
ALC: N	1- 🛕 🔷 🛕
	2-
	3-
	4-
	tudy the following geometric shapes, form visual patterns from it then describe selt pattern and repeat it twice
the shapes	
Example	
(the description	of the pattern is repeating
I	( the description of the pattern)
2	( the descrition of the pattern

Drill 4 In our natural life there are many visual pattern, discover the pattern in each case in the following then colours it with suitable colours.









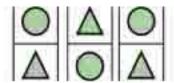
First Term

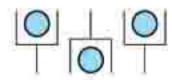
Al-Ashraaf printing house

## Exercise (3 - 2)

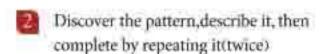
Discover the pattern in each case of the following and describe it then complete its repetition twice

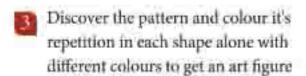


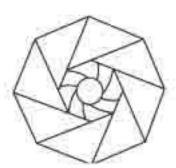




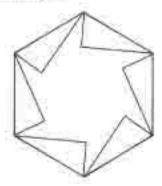


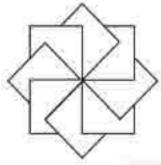








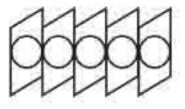














3

### Volumes

What do you have from this lesson?

Unrough you make partitions to

- This noneept of the inful
- -The concept of volime
- The vellame units
- Cate during the systems of a sufficient system of the arrive which formed it.
- concerning from a unit of column to modific unit of suspen.

### t- The solid

You studied in the previous years the solids and you knew that

all the following represents a solida

The case of geometical instruments - the pen, The match case mobile set, the water bottle, the cube games, the ball bus, the car

the house in which you live .... ic

this means that solid which occupies a roomin thes pace

#### Notice that

The solid are two kinds

- The geometric solid such as

Mathematical concepts

The world

Thu you me

The document care

The more rights

He milliment differ



The cube



the cuboid



the cylinder



The sphere



the pyramid



the cone

And other solids which has no geometric shape as



collapsed bouse



a Car



seashell



a piece of stone

### this year we will give importance to two solids which are.



#### The authoid

- It has six faces each of them is a rectangle
- It has 12 edges and 8 vertices
- Each two apposite faces are equal in area and they are parallel .
- Each two adjacent faces intersect at a line segment which is called on edge



#### The cube

- It has six faces each of them is a square (They are all equal in all measures.)
   (congruent)
- It has 12 edges, they are equal in length, it has 8 vertices

#### B- The volume

If The solid is any thing occupying a room in the space then

The volume is the magnitude of this more which the solid occupies in the spane,



### How can we measure the volume?

We can consider any solid as a unit for measuring the volume as

Match case - cube game - a bloc of soap - Juice can .... etc

In This case the volume of the solid is the number of these units contained by the solid.



The number of blocks of soap = 25

The volume of the solid = 25 cases



The number of juice cases = 18

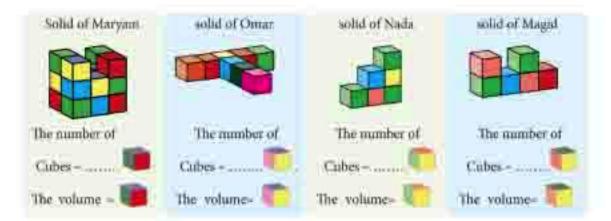
The volume of the solid = 18 cases



The number of match - cases = 9 cases

The volume of the solid = 9 cases Drift 1

Each of Nada, Maryam, Omar and Magid builds a solid from cubes. Considering one cube is a uint for the volume complete the following table.



#### From the previous table compare

- the solid formed by Omar occupies a room in space ....... that the solid of Nada.
- The solid formed by Magid occupies room in space ..... than the solid of Maryam.
- The solid formed by Omar occupies a room in space ..... Than the solid Maryam

# 2

#### Notice That

The previous units used to measure the volume (soap blocks - Match cases, cube games .....)

not international units to measure the volume because the volume of the solid changes if we change the used unit in measure and depends on the person who does the measure.

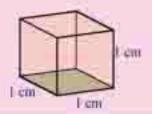
Then it is necessary to search for constant units agreed by the whole world to use them to measure the volume.

It is agreed to consider the cube whose edge length = (1 cm) as shown in the figure is the unit for measuring the volume.

Le The unit which is used for measuring the volume is

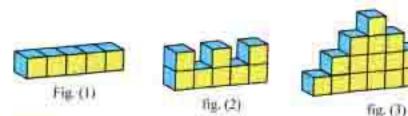
#### The centimeter cube

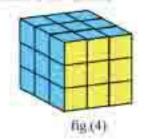
It is the volume of a cube of edge length equals 1 cm It is denoted by 1 cm<sup>-1</sup>



#### Example [

Find the volume of the following solids consider the unit of measure of the volume is em" (1em²)





#### Solution

In tig. (1) the number of cubic units = 5 units

in (ig (2) The number of cubic units = 8 units

In fig (3) The number of cubic units = 16 units

in the start and the sum of the s

The volume of the solid -5 cm

The volume of the solid = 8 cm

The volume of the solid = 16 cm

In fig (4) The number of cubic units in each Layer = 9 cubic units

The solid consists of 3 layers.

The number of cubic units in the solid  $= 3 \times 9 = 22$  units

The volume of the solid = 27 cm

#### Another units for measuring the volumes

#### (a) In the case of great volumes

#### 1- The decimeter cube

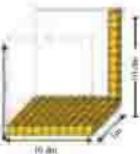
It is the volume of a cube of edge length one decimeter (1 dm) as shown in the figure. It is denoted by (dm) It is used sometimes to measure the volume of solids as the iron boxes, the carton case of television, washing machine or computer..... Etc.

21 is formed from 10 layers in each of them 100 cm<sup>3</sup>

#### 2. The meter cube

It is the volume of a cube of edge length (1m) as shown in the figure It is denoted by (metre') or (m') it is used sometimes to measure the volume of containers of factories or water tanks or edifices .... etc, it consists of 10 layers in each of them there are 100 dm<sup>3</sup>





#### (b) to the case of small volumes

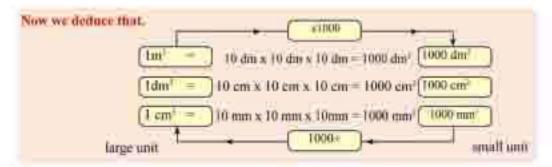
The millimeter cube

It is the volume of a small cube of edge length 1 millimetr

It is denoted by (m m3)

It is used to measure the small volumes

### Geometry and measure



Notice that as converting from a large unit of volume to smaller unit of volume we use multiplication operation.

As converting from a small unit of volume to larger unit of volume we use division operation.

Example 2: convert each volume's unit in the following to the opposite volume's unit

#### Solution

(1) 
$$4 \text{ m}^2 = 4 \times 1000 = 4000 \text{ dm}^2$$

Dellet

Calculate the volume of each of the following solids consider the volume unit is cm1

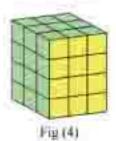


(現(1)



Frg. (2)





The number of cubic units = .....

The volume of The solid ..... em'

solid .....em3

The number of cubic units = ..... The volume of the

The number of cubic

The volume of the solid = .....cm3

The number of cubic units = ..... The volume of the

solid = ..... cm3

## Exercise (3 – 3)

Find the volume of each solid in the following considering the volum's unit is cm':



Fig.(1)

The volume of

The solid = ......cm



(ig (2)

The volume of

The solid -.....cm



Tig (3)

The volume of

The solid = .....em



Fig (4)

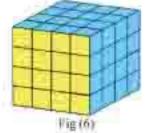
The solid = ......

The volume of



Fig (5)

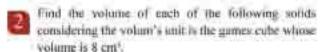
The volume of



The volume of

The solid = .....cm









Convert each of the following volumes into the opposite volume's units:

- (a) 126dm1 ......em1
- (b) 8300mm = .....cm
- (c) 3m<sup>3</sup> = ......
- (d) 2.1 cm<sup>3</sup> = .....mm<sup>3</sup>
- (e) 56000cm<sup>3</sup> = .....dn<sub>3</sub><sup>2</sup>



### The volume of the cuboid

## What do you learn from this

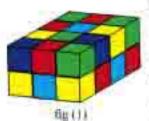
Firming your arrive participation you will asses to

- How in calculate the volume of a suboid by different ways.
- Solving miscellineous applications are the submits of the misoid

#### The mathinetical concepta

- The cultural

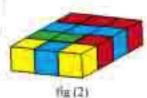
#### Think and discuss



The teacher of mathematic asked his students to make groups, each comissis of 2 pupils to work impairs to use games cubes for making a cuboid of dimensions the length 4 cubes, the width 3 cubes, the height 2 cubes. After giving the suitable

chance the teacher selected the design of (Ola and Nabeela) as in figure (1). He asked them to show their idea to their companions

Ola: We thought together to form the first layer which is formed from 3 rows in each row 4 cubes, then the length of the layer became 4 cubes and its width became 3 cubes as shown in figure 2.



Nalseela. We formed the second layer in the same way and put it on the first, then we get the required ruboid. Fig (1)

The teacher. Thanks for you all, the question now is . How can we calculate the volume of the resultant cuboid?

Mohimed : The volume is the room occupied by the enboid in the space

The teacher : Wonderful, but How can we calculate this room?

Add We count the volume units used which is the games cubes.

The teacher Good answer - but How can we carry out this operation?

Merna: We count the volume units in the first layer which is 3 row and each rows contains 4 cubes, then its volume as  $4 \times 3 = 12$  cubes.

The teacher | Very good - Then what afterwards?

Ahmed: We count the volume units in the second layer in the same way i.e. its volume =  $4 \times 3 = 12$  imbes.

The traulier Very good. What else?

Omar We add the volume cubes in the two layers, the volume of the cuboid = 12 + 12 = 24 cubes.

The leacher: Excellent answer. Who can get the same answer by another way?

Karmina : We multiply the volume of one layer by 2,

Then the volume of the cuboid  $= (4 \times 3) \times 2 = 24$  cubes.

The teacher: Very good. But what do we mean by 4 × 3 × 2?

Mina. it represents the product of the length × the width × the height.

The teacher That is best. Who can express this result in unother form?

Khalid: The product of the three dimensions.

The teacher Excellent answer, But what's ment by (the length \* the width)?

Faily: It represents the area of the base.

The teacher Very good. Who can express the volume of the cuboid in another way?

Zelnali: The volume of the suboid - The base area - The height.

The teacher—That is a correct answer and now who can summarize the mathematic statements of the volume of the cuboid?

Minimfa: There are four correct statements which are.

#### The volume of the cuboid.

- = The number of the volume units which form it.
- =The product of length x width x height.
- The product of the three dimensions.
- The base area \* The height



The teacher very good - What is the volume of the cuboid in fig (1) if it is rotated as in the figure (3).

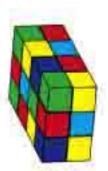
Nady > the volume = the base area x the height. =  $(4x2) \times 3 = 24$  cubes

The teacher very good answer what does that mean upon your own views.

Hasaant the volume does not change

That means

We can consider any face of the cuboid as a base for it.



flg (3)



The volume of the cuboid - the area of any face x the curresponding height.

The teacher: Excellent answer

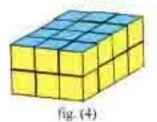
And now what about if the units of volume became the (cm') instead of gams cubes as in fig. (4).

What is its volume?

Shady, cm' is the unit of measuring the volume

In this case the volume of the cuboid = 4x3x2 = 24 cm

The teacher:- Excellent answer and thanks for you all.



Example (1) find the volume of the cuboid in each of the following cases.

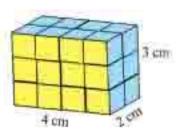
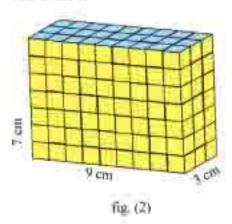


fig. (1) :



#### Solution:

In fig - the volume of the cuboid = length x width x height.

$$=4 \times 2 \times 3 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

In fig. (2) the volume of the cuboid = the area of the base x the height

$$=(9 \times 3) \times 7 = 189 \text{ cm}^3$$

#### Notice from fig. (2)

The area of the base of the cuboid = the volume of the cuboid

the height

The height of the cupoid =

the area of the base

#### Example 2 In The opposite figure

A cuboid of volume is 2128cm1

Its length is 19cm, its height is 14cm

Find the area of its base and its width



The volume of the cuboid = The area of the base x. The height

L = 2128 =The area of base x 14



The base area = 
$$\frac{2128}{14}$$
 = 152 cm<sup>2</sup>

Since the base area = length x width 1 e 152 = 19 x width

That means The width  $-\frac{152}{19}$ 

i.e. The width - 8 cm



A box made of cartoons in the shape of a cuboid, its internal dimensions are 50, 40 and 30cm. How many blocks of soap can be put inside it to be full completely if the dimension of each block of soap are 8,5 and 3cm.



The volume of the box =  $50 \times 40 \times 30 = 60000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 

The volume of are block of soap =  $8 \times 5 \times 3 = 120 \text{ cm}^3$ 

The number of blocks of soap - the volume of the box. The volume of

$$=\frac{6000}{120}$$
 = 500 block of soap

#### Example 4

A building worker used 1500 bricks to build a wall. Calculate the volume of the wall in m<sup>3</sup> if the brick is in the shape of a cuboid of dimensions 25, 12, and 6cm.

#### Solution

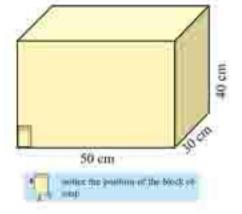
The volume of are brick =  $25 \times 12 \times 6 = 1800 \text{ cm}^3$ 

The volume of the wall =  $1800 \times 1500$ 

= 2700000 cm

i. e The volume of the wall in m







### Geometry and measure

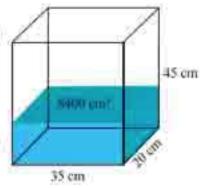
#### Example 5

8400 cm<sup>+</sup> of water is poured into a vessel in the shape of a cuboid with internal dimensions 20, 35 and 45 cm

#### Find:

I- the height of water in the vessel.

2- The volume of water needed to be added for the vessel becomes filled with water completely.



#### Solution

The water poured in the vessel is in the shape of a cuboid.

i. e The volume of water in the vessel

-The base area x height

i, g 8400 = (35 x 20) x The height

i. e The height of water = 
$$\frac{8400}{35 \times 20} = \frac{8400}{700} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

2- The volume of water needed to be added for the vessel becomes filled with water completely

can be obtained by two methods

#### The first method

The volume of the whole vessel

i. e The volume of the added water

The second method

We calculate the volume of the empty part of the vessel

First Term

The volume of the added water

$$= 35 \times 20 \times (45 - 12) = 35 \times 20 \times 33$$

= 23100 cm

## Exercise (3 - 4)

Which is greater in volume?

A cuboid of dimensions 70, 50 and 30 cm or a cuboid whose base area = 2925 cm<sup>2</sup> and its height = 35cm.

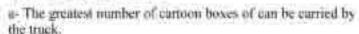
- Mow many cm<sup>3</sup> are enough to form a cuboid of dimensions 17, 13 and 11 cm.
- Complete the following table
- A Juice case in the shape of a cuboid.

Its base is square aliaped of side length 6cm and its height is 15cm calculate the volume of juice which fills the case completely.

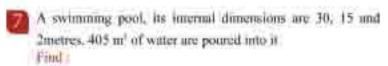
The dime	nemas of the	patioid	The and of the have	volumo	
Laure	angrik Width Habibi		Cut	(E	
162		29.0	80		
	- #	585		3160	
	A.	-		=28	
21.5			165.5	4751.8	

- A sweet case in the shape of a cuboid its internal dimensions are 21, 18 and 6 cm It is wanted to fill it with pieces of chocolates each of them is a cuboid of dimensions 3, 3 and 1 cm, calculate the number of pieces of chocolates which fill the case completely.
- A Truck for transporting goods.

Its dimensions are 3.2., 1.5 and 2metre. It is wanted to fill it with cartoons boxes for mineral water bottles to distribute it to the commercial shops. The dimensions of one cartoons box. Are 40, 25 and 25cm, calculate.



b- The cost of transportation if the cost of transporting one cartoon is 0.75 pounds.



a- The height of water in the swimming pool.

b-The volume of water which is needed to fill the swimming pool completely.





## 5 The volume of the cube

#### Think and disease

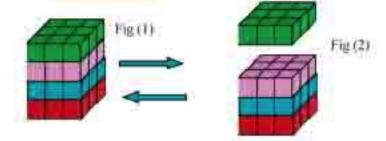
What will you learn from

Through your make participation you will come

How to continue the solitons of the cube by different ambients

thouse entermised laneness applications on the solution of the sub-

Mathematic concepts
The voture of the cube



the fig.(1) is a cuboid consists of 4 layers, each layer has 3 rows, and each row has 3 cubes, what is the resulting solid, if we remove the upper layer as in fig.(2).

Notice that the resultant solid as you know is a cube because its faces are congruent and its edges are equal in length.

#### That means that

The cube is a special case of the cuboid when the length = the width = The height

F. 40

The cube is a cubold with equal dimensions

The volume of the cuboid = length x width X height

The volume of the cube - The edge length x it self x if self



#### Example 1

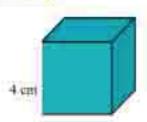
Find the volume of a cube of edge length 4 cm.

#### Solution

The volume of the cube

= edge length x it self x it self

~ 4x4x4 - 64cm



#### Example 2

The sum of lengths of all edges of a cube is 132cm calculate its volume.

#### Solution

The cube has 12 equal edges in length

i. e The edge length = 
$$\frac{132}{12}$$
 = 11cm.

The volume of the cube =  $11 \times 11 \times 11 = 1331 \text{ cm}^3$ 

#### Example 3

The sum of faces area of a cube 54 cm

Calculate its volume.

#### Solution

The cube has 6 faces equals in its area

The area of each face = 
$$\frac{.54}{.6}$$
 = 9 cm<sup>2</sup>. Where area of each face = side x side.

Then the side length = 3 cm

Then the volume of cube  $= 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27 \text{ cm}^3$ 

#### Example 4

A metallic cube of edge length 9cm It needs to be conveted it into ingots in the shape of cuboids each of them has the dimensions 3, 3 and Tem, calculate the number of ingots that are obtained.

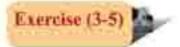
#### Solution

The volume of the metallic cube

The volume of one ingot =  $3 \times 3 \times 1 = 9 \text{cm}^3$ 

- \* The number of the obtained ingots
- = the volume of the metallic cube/ the volume of one ingot

$$=\frac{729}{9} = 81 \text{ mgots}$$



Complete the following table

The Cabe									
The edge length cm	The perimeter of the base cm	The area f the base cm <sup>2</sup>	The sum of lengths of all ralges em	The volume em!					
				216					
	20								
		49							
			198						

- We have an amount of rice, its volume is 2700 cm<sup>3</sup>. It is need to put it in a carion box. Show which of the following boxes is the more suitable and why?

  a- A cuboid with dimensions 45, 40 and 15cm.

  b- A cube, its internal edge length = 20 cm.
- A commercial shop shows a cubic case with edge length 12cm, it is filled with honey Calculate the amount of money that a person pays for buying 3 cases of honey of one cm<sup>3</sup> is sold for 0.05 pounds.
- A box of carton in the shape of a cube. Its external edge length is 30cm

  An autique made of glass is put inside it. And for protecting it from damage, the box is put inside another box of carton in the shape of cube, its internal edge length is 36cm, the empty part between the two boxes is filled with sponge form all over sides, calculate the volume of sponge.
- A cube of cheese, its edge length is 15cm It needs to be divided it into small cubes the edge length of each is 3cm for presenting them through meals. Calculate the number of the resulting small cubes.
- An aquarium for fish is cube shaped It has a lid. The internal edge length of the aquarium is 35cm, the aquarium is made of glass. Find the volume of the glass given now that the thickness of the glass is 0.5cm.



### The Capacity

#### Think and discuss:

What will you lawn from

Though your arrive participation you will come

The amongs of annually.

Softing miscollaneous applications of calculating documents

#### Mathematical concepts

- Her commonly
- Lim
- Thoughtimy

#### the capacity

Is the volume of the inner space for any hollow solid in the case of vessels:

The capacity of the vessel

It is the volume of the fiquid which fills the vessel completely

The capacity of vessel is measured by a unit called litre.



#### What is the litre?

The previous figure shows a mineral water bottle with capacity "1" litre and an empty container in the shape of a cube of edge length 1dm (10cm) - As pouring the fiquid from the bottle to the container we find that it is filled completely.

#### From the previous we deduce that

The unit of measuring the capacity is the litre = dm1 = 1000 cm1

Notice That The millilliter is a common unit (a part of the litre) for measuring the capacity.

The milliliter = cm3 and It is denoted by ml that means that 1 litre = 1000 milliliter.

#### Example |

A box of milk of capacity 2 litres. And another box of capacity 200 milliliters.

How many boxes of the second kind are needed to be filled with the milk of the first box completely.

#### Solution

The number of required boxes – the entacity of the large box/ the capacity of the small box = \frac{2000}{200} = 10 boxes

The relation between the units of volume and the units of capacity

$$m^2 = 10dm \times 10dm \times 10dm = 1000 dm^3 = 1000 fitte.$$

#### Example 2

Convert each of the following to litres

- (a) 5600 cm
- (b) 0.23 m<sup>1</sup>
- (c) 9.52 dm

#### Solution

- (a) 5600 cm<sup>1</sup> = 5600 x 1/1000 = 5.6 litre
- (b)  $0.23 \text{ m}^3 = 0.23 \times 1000 = 230 \text{ litre}$
- (c)  $9.52 \text{ dm}^3 = 9.52 \text{ little}$

#### Example 3

Convert each of the following into cm

- (a) 4.63 little
- (b) 55 ml
- (c) 0.66 m

#### Solution

- (a) 4.63 litre = 4.63 x 1000 = 4630 cm<sup>3</sup>
- (b) 55 ml = 55 cm
- (c)  $0.66 \text{ m}^3 = 0.66 \times 1000000 = 660000 \text{ cm}^3$

#### Example 4

A swimming pool in the shape of a cuboid whose internal dimensions are 40m, 30m, 1.8m Find its capacity in litres.

#### Solution

The volume of the swimming pool = 40 x 30 x 1.8

The capacity in fitre = 2160 x 1000 = 2160000 fitre.

## Exercise (3 - 6)

Write the suitable unit from the units (m', cm', dm', lltre, ml) to measure the following.

	<ul> <li>The capacity of a water tank on the roof of a house.</li> </ul>	- 6	)
	- The volume of cereals container,	(	)
	- The capacity of oil bottle.	( )	)
	- The volume of an amount of medicine in a syringe.	0	y
	- The capacity of a swimming pool in a sport club.	(	j.
	- The volume of a box of curton of T. V set.	F.	)
2	A cube shaped vessel, its internal edge length is 30cm. it is	s filled v	with food oil.
	a-calculate the capacity of the vessel.		
	b- If the price of one litres of food oil is 9.5 pounds calcul	ate the p	rice of all oil
3	A container has 12 litre of honey, It is wanted to put them	in small	er vessels (bottles) the
	capacity of each of them is 400cm1, calculate the number	of bottl	es which is needed for
	that		
<b>3</b>	A patient take a medicine spoon of capacity 3ml daily in	the mo	wning and at evening.
	After how many days does the patient take 240 cm3 from t	his med	icine.

a- The volume of solar in the container

of the container, calculate

b- The total price of solar in the container if the price of one litre of solar = 1.2 pounds.

A container in the shape of a cuboid, its internal dimensions are length = 25cm, the width

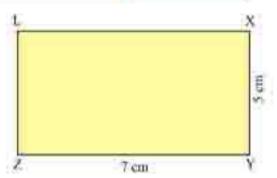
= 30 cm. The height = 42cm. An amount of solar is Put in it, its height =  $\frac{1}{3}$ , the height

### General exercises on the third unit

Write the name of the figure through the following descriptive statement.

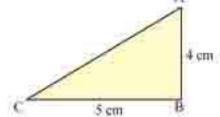
No	The descriptive statements for the figure	The name of the figure
Y	+ The figure ABCD in which AB = BC = CD = DA. The two diagonals are perpendicular and not equal , in $(\angle A) \neq m$ $(\angle B)$	1
2	- The figure XYZL in which XY = ZL., YZ = XL , XY $\neq$ YZ. The two diagonals are equal.	
3	— The figure DEFL in which DE = LF , EF = D1., DE $\neq$ EF. The two diagonals are not equal , $m$ ( $\angle$ D) $\neq$ $m$ ( $\angle$ K) .	J
4	- The figure ABCD in which $AB = BC = CD = DA$ , The two diagonals are equal, and perpendicular.	T

- In the opposite figure XYZL is a rectangle in which XY = 5cm, YZ= 7cm, Show in steps how can you draw a square inside the rectangle such that XY is one of its sides
  - Write all the parallelograms which are obtained in the figure.



- The opposite figure ABC is a right angled triangle at B in which AB = 5cm. Try to draw a parallelogram in the following cases:

  A
  - a- A parallelogram such that AB is a diagonal of it.
  - b- A Pamilelogram such that AC is a diagonal of it.



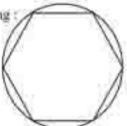
- A lorry for transporting building materials, the internal dimensions of the container are 5m, 1.8 and 0.6m. Its wanted to fill it completely by bricks of dimension 25cm, 12cm and 6cm, Calculate.
  - as The greatest number of bricks can be Put in the container of the forry.
  - b- The cost of transporting the bricks if the cost of transporting 1000 bricks is 35 pounds.
- Which is greater in volume and why?

  A guboid whose dimensions are 12cm, 10cm and 8cm or a cube of edge length 10cm.
- A tin in the shape of a cube, its internal edge length is 36cm, is filled with maize oil It is wanted to put it in small tins in the in the shape of cubes, its internal edge length is 9cm. Find the number of small tins needed to that.
- The sum of all dimensions of a cuboid is 48cm and the ratio among the length of its dimensions is 5: 4: 3 Find its volume.
- A cuboid, its base is a rectangle whose perimeter = 40cm, the ratio between its length to its width = 3 : 2.

  Calculate its volume if its height is 10cm.
- A box of cartoons its internal dimensions are 50, 40 and 30cm. It is wanted to fill it with boxes of tea in the shape of cuboids, the dimension of each box are 10cm, 5cm and 6 cm.
  - Calculate the greatest number of tea boxes can be put in the box.



- (1) from the opposite figure and using the geometric tools answer the following
- a- Write the greatest number of parallelograms you can draw in the figure.
- b- Write the greatest number of trabeziums you can draw in the figure.



- (2) from the opposite figure and complete:
- Three parallelograms

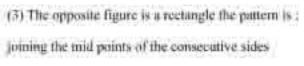
They are ......

- Three Trapezrums

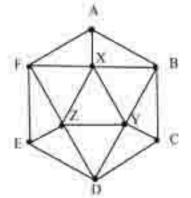
They are .....

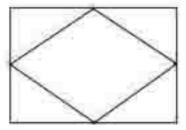
- The number of triangles in the figure = .....
- Three triangles in the figure

They are



- a Complete by drawing three internal figures due to this pattern.
- b- Colour the obtained figure by different colours to get an art figure.





- (4) The opposite figure is a regular pentagon the pattern is joining the mid-points of the consecutive sides.
- a- complete by drawing three internal figures due to the same pattern.
- b- colour the obtained figure by different colours to get art figure.







#### A technological activity

Drawing geometric figures and solids using word programme

What do you learn from this activity.

Using word programme to

- Draw a group of geometric figures (rectangle - square - parallelogram)

Draw a group of geometric solids (cuboid - cube)

#### Example

Using word programme draw the following geometric figures and solids (a rectangle - a square - a paraflelogram, a cuboid - a cube)

#### The procedure

								4 100					
1 - 4	Thirds I	( where t	# Dress	Per lineral	INCOMPRISE.	Bingers.	moderat	Macrowalast	annested .	Acres	COPORT	PRINCE.	document
1-1	THE R. L.	1,000,000,000	1110210	MUSICUL	THE CASE STREET	SHOCKET.	SCHOOL	TANKET CORPORATION	WORK	73.EEU	-upen	ALC: YE	more uninerit

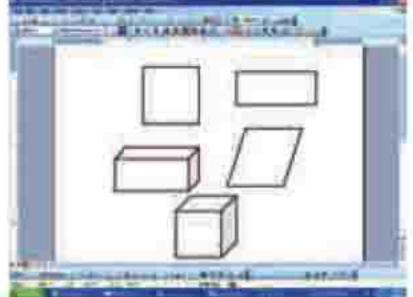
2- Press the symbol	at drawing tape below the screen. Then click by the mouse in an empty
region I the word page and	through drawing and estimating the size of the rectangle and leaving out,
the rectangle will appear.	

3- press second time the some symbol \_\_\_\_ then click shift and go on pressing, during this press in an empty region, then through drawing and leaving when you get the required square.

4- Select auto shapes which exists at the drawing tape, then select Basic shapes then select the figure

parallelogram [7], and draw the parallelogram trough drawing and leaving out due to you estimation.

5- to draw a cube and a cuboid. Select Auto shapes then select basic shaper then select the shape to the solid, then draw the cube and the cuboid and leaving out due to your estimation, you will obtain the following figure.





#### (1) Complete the following

ii- The rectangle is a parallelogram

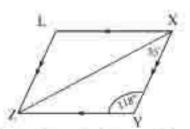
d- the volume of the cuboid = \_\_\_\_\_x .....

#### (2) The opposite figure

XYZL is a parallelogram in which

$$m(\angle Y) = 118^{\circ}_{1} m(\angle YXZ) = 35^{\circ}_{2}$$

Find m (Z. L.), m (ZLXZ)



(3) Discover the pattern in each of the following cases, then describe it and complete its repetition twice



(4) How many em' are enough to fill a box in the shape of a cuboid, its internal dimensions are 50cm, 35cm, 20cm.



#### (5) In the apposite figure

A cuboid of volume 6480 cm

Its height = 15 cm, its width= 18cm

Calculate its length-

(6) A box of milk in the shape of a cube of edge length 12cm. It is wanted to put a number of these boxes in a box of carron in the shape of a cube of edge length 60cm. How many boxes of milk can be but in the carroon box?

#### (7) A vessel in the Shape of a cube with edge length 15cm is filled with huney.

p-calculate the capacity of the vessel.

b- If the price of one live is LH 8. Calculate the price of honey.

### The Fourth Unit

Statistics

First lesson: The Kinds of statistics data.

Second lesson: Collecting the descriptive statistics data. Third lesson: Collecting the quantitive statistics data. Fourth lesson: Representing data by frequency curve.

- General exercises on the unit.
- technology activity.
- Activities
- . The unit test.

## 1

### The Kinds of Statistics data

#### What do you knew from Hills lesson?

Finnigh your active.

- The mooning of description
- The manner of passengery data
- Complainty and quantitive descriptive and quantitive data

#### Mathematical concepts

- + descriptive date:
- dominiore date
- CORD HEET
- distributos

#### Notice and deduce

#### The Specialist Hospital Requisition for morneal examination the even fiki ngo Consistency date Sea main Brack Phi forthos: 1 350 The birth place. The address. The recial costs the idequisable The kind of discoun-The riegros of discourse the takent the neight. The magaziness degree

Hany is a pupil in sixth grade. He went with his mother to the bospital for medical examination.

The employee asked him to

complete the data in he sheets of medical examination. Hany asked his mother about the required data. His mother replied. There are some data require writing digits as: age, the date of examination, the birthday, height, the weight,

the degree of temperature.... etc.

There are other data required writing words or Statement as: The name, sex (male, female), social case (married, single), educational case (not educated, educated), the birth place, the address, blood species (O, A, B) ..... etc.

Through the discussion between Hany and his mother It shows

#### thiat:

The statistics data which we use in our daily life are two kinds.

- I- descriptive data: they are data written in the form of description to the case of the persons in the society as: the favorite colour, favorite food, the birth place, the social case, the education case, profession case..... etc
- 2 Quantitative data: they are data written in the from numbers to express a certain phenomenon as:

  age, height, weight, the shoes size, number of sons, the student's mark in the examination .... Etc.

Drift(I)

The opposite figure shows the sheet-model of requisition for one of your fellows to join with a sport activity during the summer holiday in a sports club near to his house.

#### The Specialist Hospital Requisition for medical examination The age Examination date Sea landa Street, The birthday The hirth place... The address. The sector more. The informational room The hind of disease The degree of discuss. The height The weight. The comperature degree Bisod type

#### Examine it well then answer the following.

- (a) There are in the sheet. Model a descriptive data as
- (b) There are in the sheet-model a quantitive data as
- (c) Register your name in the card, then complete one of the descriptive data and one of quantitive data.

#### Notice that



The data requisition sheet is a sheet contains a set of data some of them is descriptive and the other is quantitive belong to a certain person or a thing.

Drill (2)

MR. Khaled is the superior of a class in the sixth grade in a primary school. He wanted to set up data base about his pupils. He designed the following table

E 10 10 1	<u> </u>	3	Ver	height		100 100 100	
Seein number	Thexame	Munth	200	W ctr	How so arrive to actool	Terrentic schrity	
	Aireat Owne			145	Walking	School brook covering	
2	Alici Smi		10	150	Ste	Scorts	
3	Nemmon Nabod	3	- 19	140	Thii	School press	

#### Look at the previous table and answer the following.

- 1- Determine which column represents descriptive data and which one represents quantitive data.
- Complete the two missed columns in condition that one of then for descriptive data and the other for quantitive data.
- Consider yourself one of MR. Khalid's pupils and register your data.

#### Notice that:



Data base is a set of descriptive data and quantitive data belong to some persons or establishment or administrations... or authorities ............

## Exercise (4-1)

<ol> <li>Read the data on the box of milk then classify</li> </ol>	the data registered on it into descriptive data an
quantitive data.	

- The descriptive data are
- The quantitive data are.....

(2) The opposite figure shows a model sheet to one of personal cards of a pupil in a school. Look at it well and then extract from it descriptive data and quantitive data.

Write you own personal data on this sheet.

Same		 1	
trade hove School year			Personal Planto
Birthday Blood Type Cel. bours	/	 - 1	
modille			

(3) In the following the model sheet of data base to the members are participating in a sport club.

Nó	The name	Age	The date of participating	Favorite game	Blood species	The adress	Telephone number
1	j						i i
2							
3							1
(4)							į

- Determine which columns represent descriptive data and which one of them represents quantitive data.
- Consider yourself one of members of this club and register your name from today and complete the data.

## 2

### Collecting descriptive statistic data

### What do you tourn time

Through your holive participation you will come to: How or purifice regress man in

- requesty diseases
- I there is from a single.
  Independent data
- (i) security day) following orderwarders from data from errors formarroy with

#### Notice and deduce

A class contains 36 pupils. The superior of pupils to register the hobbies which each of them prefers selecting it from five hobbies (singing, drawing, acting, reading, playing music) for making a competition concerned with these hobbies.

The data were as follows.



#### Mathematical concepts

- certing the title Regimes
- r freezing a simple fisequence table

drawing - rending - playing music - singing - acting - reading playing music - drawing - acting - reading - playing music - acting - singing - reading - drawing - acting - drawing - acting - drawing - reading - drawing - reading - drawing - acting - drawing - singing - drawing - singing - acting - drawing - playing music

#### How can you deal with these data?

You may notice that all these data are descriptive data.. In order to collect them we should use the tally frequencie data table. As you studied in fifth grade as follow.

If we take away the column of tallies from the previous frequency data table we will get the distribution frequence table as follow

#### The tally frequency data table,

The hobby	Tallies	Frequence
Singing	1111	5
Drawing	1111 1111	10
Acting	1111	5
Rending	1111 11	7
playingMusic	1111 1111	9
total		36

The hoppy	singing	drawing	acting	reading	music	total
Number of pupils	5	10	5	7	9	36

This table represents the distribution of the pupils of a class in six the grade due to their hoppies.

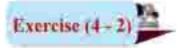
#### Stationes

The previous table is called the simple frequency table because all data which it contains are distributed due to one description which is the preferable hobby in this activity

#### Through the previous cable answer the following.

- What is the hobby which the most pupils prefer 9 and what is its percentage?
- What is the hobby which is the least preferable? And what is its percentage?
- What is your advice to the director of this school? And the superior of this class to do about these hobbies?

First Term



The following table shows the distribution of the number of the foreign tourists in millions who visited Egypt in 2009 due to their nationalities.

Nationality	French	German	British	Russian	Indian	total
Number of tourists	0.8	(1.2	1:34	2.35	1.64	6.37

- a- What are the countries from which the most tourists visited Egypt? What is their percentage?
- b- What are the countries from which the least tourists visited Egypt? How many tourists from these countries visited Egypt?
- c. What is the number of German tourists? What is their percentage?
- If the public score of 40 students in Arabic language in a university is as follows.

very good - good - pass - good - excellent - good - good

very good - good - very good - good - good

excellent - very good - excellent - excellent - pass

good - good + very good- good - pass

very good - very good - good - very good- pass - good

very good - good - pass - very good - excellent

pass - pass - excellent - good - pass

Form the Tally frequency table. Then form the frequency table for the previous results

#### then answer the following questions:

- What is the most common score of the students?
- What is the least score of the students?
- What is your advice to the students In this important educational stage?

### 3

### Collecting The statistics quantative data.

#### What ile you learn from this lesson?

Throught your solver participation your will come to

- pediing the minalitive data in: the tally Respondy table
- forming that Requires rathe of equal sens from the responses table of quantities time.
- Editacting attentions table of upon 100.

#### Mathematical conveys

The raw marks The range

The frequency table of equal sers.

#### Notice and deduce

Think and discuss. The scores of the pupils of a class of sixth grade in mathematics at the end of the year had been Collected for 42 pupils their marks were as follows given the fall mark is 60.

These marks are called raw marks. That means the marks of pupils after correction to their exam. Papers as they are scattered.

#### For example.

what is the number of excellent pupils?

and what is the number of pupils of low level?

And what is the number of pupils of intermediate level?

#### Notice that



The only thing that can be extracted from these raw marks is the least mark.

= 20 and the maximum mark. = 59 that means that the marks of mathematics of the pupils of that class are distributed in range = 59 - 20 = 39 marks.

In order to deal these marks by studying and analyzing we should put them in a frequency table.

That will be carried out through the following steps.

I - Determine the highest and the lowest value.

#### In this example

The maximum mark - 59

The minimum mark = 20

- 2 determine the range of this distribution it is = The maximum mark the minimum mark. In this example the range = 59 - 20 = 39
- 3 Summarise these data by dividing it into a Suitable number of sets by determining a Suitable length for each set say 5 marks in this example.
- · We start with the smallest mark and finished at the greatest mark.

Then we obtain 8 sets. As follows

First set contains the marks of pupils from 20 marks to less than 25 marks it is expressed as 20-

Second set contains the nurks of pupils from 25 marks to less than 30 marks It is expressed as 25-

The third set Contain the marks of pupils from 36 marks less than 35 marks

It is expressed as 30-

And so on till the last set which will be

The eighth set contains the marks of pupils from 55 marks to less than 60 marks

It is expressed as 55-





The number of sets can be calculated by the following relation

in this example

The number of sets = 
$$\frac{39}{5} = 7 \cdot \frac{4}{5} \approx 8$$
 sets.

In this way. The sets contained all raw marks of the pupils

4 — putting these data in a tally frequency table as in the opposite table.

Sets	Tallies	Frequence
20	7//	2
25:	377	3
30-	////	4
.35-	1 ##	6
40-	10 10	8
45-	1111/244	9
50-	7. ###:	6
55-	1111	4
Total		42

5 — we take away the tally column from the previous table to get the frequency table of equal sets as in the following table.

It is call us thus because the data contained in it has been distributed into sets.

Therefore it is called

The distribution of the marks of the pupils in mathematics in a class of the school

Sets of marks	20-	25	30-	35	40-	45	30-	35-	Total
Number of pupils	2	3	+	6	8	9	6.	4.	42

#### Answer the following questions:

- What is the number of pupils who get 50 marks or more? What is the percentage of them?
- What is the number of pupils who get the least marks as your point of view? And what is their percentage?

What da you advise your fellow pupils in mathematics?

Drift (1)



cooprative learning

During a trip to a factory of clothes has been hold by the pupils of shool in the governorate Hend and Nabeela collected data about the wages of the works weekly, the number of workers was 60 person. Hend and Naboela registered these data in a frequency table of sets as follows.



The weekly wages	50-	60+	70-	80-	90-	100-	110-	Total
Number of workers	-4	7	12	18	11	5	3	60

The distribution of the weekly wages of the workers in the factory.

#### Read the table well with your group members then answer the following questions

- The least weekly wage which the worker gets.
- The percentage of the number of workers who obtain the least weekly wage is ... %
- The number of workers whose weekly wages are L.E 100 and more is .....

And their percentage is ..... %

## Exercise (4-3)

In a competition of an acceptance exam, for joining a sport college the heights of 48 students who presents to the competition in cm were as follows

Form the frequency table of sets to the previous heights, then answer the following questions

- what is the number of students who have the highest heights?

What is their percentage?

- what is the number of students whose heights are less than 165 cm.

What is the percentage?

- what is your advice to those students:
- the following frequency table of sets show The shares of money in pound hold by the pupils of a class in the project of building a hospital near to the school study it and answer.

Th	e shares in pounds	20-	30-	40-	50-	60-	70-	Total
- 1	umber of pupils	3	- 6	8	12	7	4	40

- 1 what is the number of pupils who shared with an amount of money lies between 40 and 50 pounds?
- 2 what is the number of pupils who shared with the least amount of money? what is their percentage?
- 3 what is the number of pupils who shared with an amount of money = 60 pound and more? what is their percentage?
- 4 what is the least share held by the pupils? And what is their number in each case?



## Representing the Quantative Statistics Data by the frequency curve

#### What do you team from this beson?

strongly contractive parterparent successful collector represent a frequency rabbs of sensity frequency table in a frequency table in a

frequency turk marine frequency curve

#### Notice and deduce

Adel sat in the neighbour of his father who works at a hospital to receive the patients for two hours.

He formed a frequency table of sets to the ages of patients who were registered to enter the hospital within this period.

It was as follows

The age	tù:	20-	30-	7865	584	66-	Total
Number of patients	6	8	12	15	jū.	9	60

When Adel shows this table to his teacher of the class, he asked him and from other pupils to draw a frequency polygon to represent these data. (as what had been done in 5th grade) Adel graphe the following figure.

#### Mathematical concepts

- The centre of the set
- The frequency polygon
- The frequency curve.

When the teacher asked Adel How did he draw the frequency polygon

#### Adel replied

I followed the following steps.

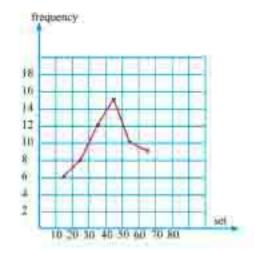
- I I draw the horizontal axis and the vertical axis.
- 2 I divided each of them into equal parts which are suitable for the given data.
- 3 determined the centre of each set as follows:

The centre of the set 
$$(10 - 3)$$
 is  $\frac{10+20}{2} = 15$ 

The centre of the set 
$$(20 - 1)$$
 is  $\frac{20+30}{2} = 25$ 

And so on till the set (60- )

Its centre is 
$$\frac{60+70}{2} = 65$$



I - the points where determind on the lattice where for every set there is an ordered pair which is (the centre of the set, its frequency) for example the set - (10 - ), the point which represents

It is (15,6) where 15 is the center.

And b is its frequency,

 the set (20 - ), the point which

represents it is (25,8) ..... and so un.

Then the frequency table becomes as in the opposite figure.

2 - using the pencil and the ruler I drew a line segment joining each tow consecutive points of the determined points by the previous steps thus I got the graph of the frequency polygon.

The teacher; very well but if you and your fellow pupils joined the points by the bencil with out lifting it up the sheet without using the ruler then you will get another graph. What is it?

If you got the red line in the previous graph then you are correct and you got the frequency curve which passes through the most of points.

This new graph is called

The frequency curve which

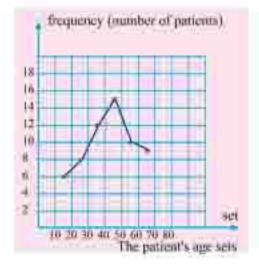
Can by drawn directly new

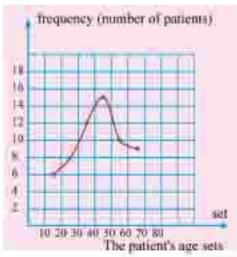
As in the opposite graph

And it is another form

For representing the statistics data

The patient's age sets	Number of patients frequencies	Centre of the set	The point which represents the set
10 -	6	15	(15,6)
20 -	8	25	(25,8)
30 -	12	35	(35,12)
40 -	15	45	(45,15)
50 -	-10	55	(55,10)
60 -	0	65	(65.9)
Total	60		





#### Dellf:

Of a und Nurgis registered the temperature degrees which are expected for 30 cities in one of summer days through watching the news in television. They formed the following frequency table.

Temperature degree	24-	28-	32	36-	40+	044	Total
Number of cities	3	+ -		- 9	.5	2	30

Draw the frequency curve of the previous table.

Then answer the following questions

- (a) what is the number of cities whose temperature's degree are 40 degree and more? What do you advice these cities' inhabitants.
- (b) What is the number of cities which are suitable for summer season on that day?
- (c) what are the number of cities whose temperature's degrees are mild on that day from your own view?





the following table shows the extra money which 100 workers got in a month in a factory, they are as follows.

The extra money	20	30-	4	56	60-	70-	Total
Number of workers	20	15	30	25	10	.5:	100

- what are the number of workers who obtained extra money less than 50 pounds.
- Draw the frequency curve of this distribution.



In a goodness party for orphan's day A group of contributors paid sums of money in pounds as shown in the following table.

The innt	58-	69E	181	- NO: :	S906	T00= 1	110-
Number of contributors	3	17	30	12	10	1	*

- what is the number of contributors by L. E 80 and more.?
- Represent the previous data by the frequency curve.
- The following Table shows The marks of 100 students in one month in math

Marks	20-	30-	40-	50-	Total
Number of students	15	30	-40	15	100

Draw The frequency curve for this distribution

## General exercises on unit 4

- Examine each of the front envelope page of mathematic book and the last page of the art features of the book, then extract from them at least three descriptive data and another three quantitive data.
- In a competition hold by sport's teacher for jumping in the place

The number of jumps carried out by the pupils of a class were as follows.

- (a) Form the frequency table of sets for the previous jumps.
- (b) Represent these data using the frequency curve.
- (c) Answer the following questions.
- What is the muniber of students of most number of jumps? What is their percentage?
- What is the number of students of the least number in jumps? What do you advice those punits?
- The following table shows the number of air flights which done in Cairo airport in the period from 12 at noon till 8 in the morning of the next day.

Time	12 p.m	фан	8 p.m	12 pini	4 am	Total
Number of flights	.32	41	42	19	13	147

Represent these data by frequency curve then answer the following questions.

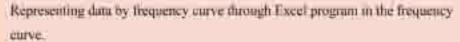
- In what time the Cairo air port is most growded? Why?
- In what time the Cairo air port is the least crowded?
- what is the percentage of the number of flights comming to Cairo air port in the period from 12 at noon till 4 p.m.
- what is the percentage of the number of flights coming to Cairo air port after 12 a.m?



#### A technologyical activity.

XXXXXXX





What do we learn from this activity?

- Inserting tabular data in cells. Of Excel programme.
- Drowing the frequency curve of tabular data using Excel programme.

#### Example

The following table shows the number of hours spent by a number of pupils dealing with computers.

The required is representing these data by the frequency curve using Excel program

Number of hours	1-	2.	3.	nda.	5 -	6	Total
Number of pupils	8	31	15	6	4	2	46

#### The practical procedury

- 1 Click start, select programme then select Excel.
- 2 Write the data of the first row in the previous table (number of hours) in cells of the column A.
- 3 Write the data of the second row in the previous table (number of pupils) in cells of the column B.
- 4- Determine the quantative data exist in the two columns A and B using the mouse.
- 5- from the menue (Insert) select chart then select custom types.
- 6- Write the number of pupils in the cell exsting down
- 7- Write the number of hours in the down cell then click next then finish

If the steps are correct the following graph will appear.





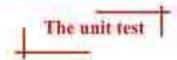
- 1- Read data registered on the national number card to one of your family (your father your mother your brother your sister) then extract from it descriptive date and quantitive data.
- 2- Choose one of canned (food stuf) goods which your mother uses (oil = rice = suguar = tea = detergent = butter ..... etc) theo extract from it describtive data and quantitive data).
- 3- Carry out a study in the a live in which you live and collect data about the ages of persons who live in this alive. Then form a frequency table of sets for the obtained data.

Ages	0.	10-	20-	30-	40-	50-	60-	Total
Number of								
persons								

#### Represent these data by the frequency curve then answer the following,

- 1- What is the most common age in the alive?
- 2- what is the number of children whose age are less than 10 years?
- 3- What is the number of persons whose ages are 50 years or more?

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- I- Classify the set of the following data into quantitive data and descriptive data age the colours of the nation's flag Marks of the exam. In mark weight social case temperature degrees tallness nationality sex score in science the kind of the book that you real the colour of school uniform suit the preferable hoppy the number of sisters the number of bages of Arabic book
- 2- A sample is taken from a tourists group coming to Luxor in one day in winter the number of sample was 33 tourists the nationalities of the tourists the nationalities of the tourists were as follow.

Rusian - American - English - Italian - French - American - English - Rusian - French - American - Italian - Rusian - Italian - Rusian - Rusian - Italian - Rusian - Rusian - Rusian - American - Judian - English - Rusian - Rusian - Rusian - American

- Form a simple frequency table for the previous descriptive data then answer the following questions.
- Which nationality has the greatest number in this group? Express that by a percentage.
- Which nationality has the smallest number in this group? Express that by a percentage
- What do you advice the responsible about tourism in Luxor.
- 3- In a competition for passing the acceptance exam. To a sport college., The weights of 40 student presenting to this completion were as follow.

- (a) Form the frequency table of sets for the previous weights
- (b) Draw the frequency curve of the obtained table then answer the following questions .
- What is the number of the students who have the greatest weights? What is their percentage?
- What is the number of students whose weights are less than 60kg? What is their percentage?

## Guide answers to the general tests of the units and the model of test of first term.

## The first unit test (the ratio)

(1:10)

## The second unit test (proportion)

1+( -12), 2+(
$$\frac{33}{100}$$
,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{3}{7}$ ) 3+(192, 160, 228)

- (c) 0.00258 m2 (d) the base area x height
- (e) 2650 cm3
- 2-118, 35,
- 3- (a) the pattern is
- (b) the patterns
- 4-35000.cm1
- 5- the length = 24cm
- 6-125
- 7-3.375 litre, 27 pounds

#### The 4th unit test (statistics)

Sele	91	CC	60-	65	70.	75	80.	M	90-	Total
Frequency	4	5	6	4	+	4	4	1	*	40

## The answer of the model test

## First question !

#### Second question :

- 1+ The first number | The second number
- The parallelogram, the square, the rectangle the rhombus.
- 3. The edge length \* itself \* itself
- The volume of the liquid which fills the vessel completely.

## Third question :

a) 1500, 2400 b) 11 metre c) = 8765 cm<sup>4</sup> d)80, 70, 21 cm

## Fourth question:

- a) 2880 1920 1440
- b) 8 kirats, 4 kirats.

#### officquestion:

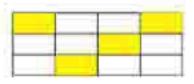
2 pupils \_ from 3 - 4 hours 40 %

## Six th grade (primary) 1st term

## First : complete the following.

## (1) In the opposite figure :

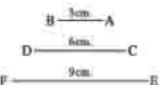
[a] The ratio between the shaded yellow part to all the parts of whole the figure in the simplest form equals



- [b] The ratio between the red parts to all the parts of whole the figure in the simplest form equals
- [c] The ratio between the yellow parts to the red parts in the simplest form =

## (2) In the opposite figure :

[a] the length of  $\overline{AB}$  = in the simplest form



- [b] the length of EF in the length of CD in the simplest form
- [c] The length of EF = 3 times the length of
- [d] The length of  $\overline{CD} = ---$  the length of  $\overline{EF}$
- (4) If a:b = 2:3 · b: c = 6:7 then a:c = ---:

- (7) 100 % ID 43 % + 35 %) = ---- %
- (8) 1 23 37 5 + 41 5 =

(9) 5 cm<sup>3</sup> = mm<sup>3</sup>

- (11) 0.001 cm<sup>3</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_ mm<sup>3</sup>
- (12) 300 000 cm<sup>3</sup> = : m<sup>3</sup>
- (13) 7.000 000 cm<sup>3</sup> = ---- m<sup>3</sup>
- (14) 85 000 000 000 mm<sup>3</sup> = cm<sup>3</sup>
- (15) 3 litre = ----- cm

(16) 42 cm<sup>3</sup> = litre

(17) 370 cm<sup>3</sup> = litre

(18) 840 ml = litre

(19) 1.3 m<sup>3</sup> = \_\_\_\_ ml

- (20) 2.5 m<sup>3</sup> = line
- (21) If one of the angles of a parallelogram is right then it will be called .....
- (22) If two adjacent sides in a parallelogram are equal in length and its diagonals are perpendicular then it is called -----
- (23) The quadrilaterals in which the two diagonals bisect each other are
- (24) The volume of the cube whose edge length = the side length of a square of perimeter 16
- (25) If the capacity of a vessel on the shape of a cube internally equals  $\frac{1}{8}$  litte , then the edge length of the cube = \_\_\_\_ cm.
- (26) A case in the shape of a cube + its external volume = 1000 cm<sup>3</sup> and its capacity = 729
- (27) Use the suitable sign (< or = or >) and put it in the blank / after simplifying each
- (a)  $\frac{14}{21}$   $\square$   $\frac{18}{27}$  (b)  $\frac{36}{42}$   $\square$   $\frac{40}{56}$  (c)  $\frac{33}{55}$   $\square$   $\frac{60}{75}$
- (28) Complete the following tables to make the corresponding numbers in the two rows proportional.



(29) A tap pours water in the rate of 180 litre/ Hour complete the following table.

Time (Minutes)	35		45	160	
number of papils		90	-	180	276



(30)	The difference between the greatest individual
	and the smallest individual of a set of values is
	called

- (31) If 78 is the greatest individual of a set and the range = 36 then the smallest individual of this set equals
- (32) The following table is the frequency distribution of the marks of pupils of a class in mathematics --

The marks.	25	30	35	40	45	50	55-60	total
number of pupils	1	. 4	. 6	10	8	7	2	40

## Complete the following:

- al The least mark the pupil obtained in this class is -
- [b] The percentage of the number of pupils whose marks Starting from 30 marks and less than 45 is %

## Second: Choose the correct answer from those given.

(1) If the ratio 7:	13 is the same ratio x	: 52 then x =	
u. 14	b. 21	g. 28	d. 35

(2) If the ratio among the measures of angles of a triangle is 2:3:4 then the measure of its angles in the same order are -

(3) 12 % of 89 kg equals approximately

- (4) If Hazem drinks 21 glasses of milk weekly then the rate of what he drinks daily is ...... n. 3 glasses b, 7 glasses c. 14 glasses d. 20 glasses
- (5) A painter has 25 litre of paints. He uses 2.5 litre of paint per hour. If he linished his work.
- after 5.5 hours. Then how many litres of paint are remained ? .....
- a. 10.25 litre b. 11.25 litre c. 12.75 litre d. 13.75 litte
- (6) A metalic piece is in the shape of a cube of edge length 40 cm. It is melted and converted to a cuboid whose base area = 2 000 cm<sup>2</sup>, then its height =
  - a. 16 cm b. 32 cm c. 64 cm d. 80 cm

(7) Each of Hany and	l Omar has 84 post sta	mps If $\frac{5}{7}$ the stamps of	f Hany $\frac{2}{3}$ the stamps
		10	a stamps of Hany than
those of Omer equ	uals		STOCKED STOCKE
4.4	b. 8	c_14	d. 21
(8) A car consumes 1	2 litre of fuel to cover	adistance of 96km, he	ow many liters is needed to
cover a distance o	of 144 km?		
a, 10	b. 16	c. 18	d. 20
(9) The best unit for a	estimating the volume	of the class room is -	
a. mm	b. cm <sup>3</sup>	c. m <sup>2</sup>	d. m <sup>3</sup>
10) If the volume of a cm <sup>3</sup> equals ————————————————————————————————————		0.546 m <sup>3</sup> then the clos	sest volume of this case in
a. 5	6.50	c. 500	d. 600
11) 100 mm <sup>3</sup> equals	dm <sup>3</sup>		
a. 10 000 000	b. 1 000 000	C 100 000	d. 10.000
12) At a moment + the	length of the shade o	fatree of height 3 m	was 180 cm + then what is
the length of the s	hade of another tree o	f height 2 m at the san	ne moment
a. 60 cm	b. 90 cm	c, 120 cm	d. 150 cm
13) On a map is draw	n such that each + cent	imetre represents 5 km	n, then if the distance
between two villa equals	ges is $\frac{1}{2}$ km then the $\epsilon$	listance between them	on this map in centimetre
n. 0.1	5.0.4	c.25	d. 10
14) The length of an i		cm and its real lengt	d, 10 h is 2 millimetre + then the
a. 1:20	b. 1:80	c. 20:1	d. 80 : 1
15) If the length of sa	ez canal on a map of s	cale	
the state of the s	000 is 15 cm then its		- THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.
length in km equa		No.	1/
a. 155	b. 165	4	and the same
c. 170	d. 185		1000

(16) The distance b	etween Cairo and Ism	aelia on a map of sca	le drawing 1:2 000	9 000 equals
7 cm, then the	real distance between	them equals		
n. 130 km	b. 135 km	c. 140 km	d. 170 k	m
(17) If the price of a	goods in clothes sho	p is 240 pounds. And	its price during oca	azion is 180
pounds then th	e discount percentage	is		
n. 15 %	b. 20 %	c. 25 %	d. 30 %	
(18) A merchant sol	d his goods with prof	it 15 % then the perce	entage of the selling	price to the
buying price ed	quals			
n. 15 %	b 85 %	c. 115 %	d. 150 %	8
(19) If the ratio of the	he boys in a school w	as 60 % and 75 % fro	m them prefere foo	thall what is
the percentage	of them with respect	to all the pupils of the	e school ?	
a. 30 %	b 40 %	c. 45 %	4.50 %	
(20) If the radius let	ngth of a circle increa	sed with ratio 5 % the	on the circumference	e of the
circle increase	s in the ratio			
n. 2.5 %	b. 5 %	0.75%	4.10%	
(21) in an ocasion of	of discounts one of ex	hibtions offered a dis	count of ratio 20 %	for its goods
then it offered	another discount of ra	itio 5 % for its new g	oods	
Then the perce	ntage of the discount	is		
a. 23 %	b. 24 %	c. 25 %	4.26 %	
(22) Mahmoud boug	ght a computer set wit	h discount 10 % from	its price which is 2	600 pounds
how much does	s Mahmond pay as a p	price for the computer	in pounds 7	-
a. 2260	b. 2300	c. 2340	0.2860	
(23) A runner cover	ed 15 % of the trace of	distance in 3 minutes.	If he continued in	the same rate
s then the total	time needed in minus	tes to cover all the dis	tance is	
a. 10	b. 15	c. 18	4, 20	
(24) If 100 gm of fo	ood give 300 calories	then the number of	calories which are f	ound in 30
gm of the same	food equals			
a. 90	Ь, 100	e. 900	4.1000	e. 9 000
(25) The number of	pupils in a school in	the fast year was 117	2 pupils • In this ye	ar the
number increas	sed by 15 % then the	approximated number	r of this year in the	same school
equals				
n. 1 800	b. I 600	c. 1 500	d. 1-400	e, 1.200

(26) Basim runs around a playground 4 times in the same time in which Sameh turns 3 times. If Sameb completed 12 turns +then the number of turns which Bassim completed equals b. 11 d. 16 п. 9 c. 13 (27) Ahmed and Amre have L.E.40 and Amre and sherif have L.E.30. If Ahmed has L.E 30 then sherif has --- in pounds. b. 20 d. 40 (28) If the area of a face of a cube  $= 4 \text{ cm}^2$  then its volume in cm<sup>-1</sup> equals ... 5.8 d 64 (29) The edge length of a cube = 9 cm + then the sum of all its edge lengths in metre = a. 0.72 b: 0.9 c. 1.08 d. 1344 (30) A liquid is pot in aglass basis in the form of a cube to be filled completely. If the capacity of the basin is one litre then the inner edge length of the basin in cm =b. 1 e: 10 | d. 100 (31) The range of the set of values 7 . 3 . 6 . 9 . 5 is b. 4 d. 12 (32) Which of the following figures can be folded to form the side cube

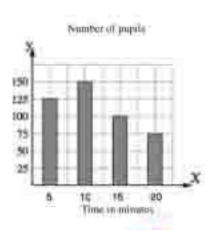
(33) The opposite graph shows the time which the pupils take to go from the house to the school what is the number of the pupils who took more than 10 minutes

a. 175

b. 275

c. 325

d. 400



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(34) The side	length of a squ	ure = 3 cm ther	the rati	o between	it's side le	ngth and it's	perimeter equals
	(a) 4			(	b) 3		
	(c)	4		(	$\frac{1}{3}$		
(35) In my e	quifateral trian	gle , the ratio h	etween	it's side len	igth and it	's perimeter	equals
	(a)	3:1		0	b) 3:2		
	(c) t	13		(	d) 2:3		
(36). The ratio	between [2 K	irat to l 1 Fee	Idan equ	mls	-		
	(a) I	2:15		- 30	b) 4:1		
	te) l				d) 3:1		
(37) If 3 e	the attendees	of a meeting fo	r the pa	rents in a s	chool was	females, In	addition to the
		ittendees 10 of					
Which of the	e following sta	tements is true	9				
(a)Th	he number of n	nales is more th	m the n	umber of fe	emales		
(b)Ti	he number of f	emales is more	than the	number of	males		
(c) T	he number of t	nales is equal to	the nur	mber of fer	nales		
(d) T	he given data i	is not sufficient					
(38) If the ratio	o among the m	casumments of	the ang	les of a tria	ngle is 1:	2 : 3 then the	measure for the
smallest ang	gle equals						
(a)	10"	(b)	30				
(c)	450	(d)	60				
(39) An irrigat	tion machine	irrigate 15 fedd	an in 10	hours , th	en the rat	ting work for	this machine is
feddun	/hour						
(a)	2	(b) $\frac{3}{2}$		(c) 5		$(d) = \frac{5}{3}$	
						3.	

- (40) If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{4}$  then which of the following statements is true?
  - tain×c-b×d

- $(b) \frac{a}{d} = \frac{c}{b}$
- $(c) = \frac{a \cdot 3}{b \cdot 1} = \frac{c}{d}$
- (d)  $a \times d = b \times c$
- (41) If  $\frac{2}{5} = \frac{x}{20}$  then x-2 equals——

- (d) 2

- (c) 3 : 2

- (a) 2 : 5 (43) 5 m<sup>1</sup> = \_\_\_\_

(b) 5000 cm

(c) 500 dm

- (d) 5000 dm
- The volume of a cube equals 125 cm3, then it's base area equals------(44)
  - (a) 25 cm

(b) 25 cm

(c) 5 cm

- (d) 5 cm
- The volume of a cuboid equals =-(45)
  - (a) the beight \* perimeter of the base
- (b) Width × base area

(c) the height \* base area

- (d) Length = width = height
- If the sum of the edges length of a cube equals 144 cm then it's volume equals -----(46)
  - (a) 1728 cm
- (b) 1728 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (c) 144 cm
- (d) 144 cm

## (60) If the length of a rectangle is twice its width

(a) the ratio between the length and the perimeter of it

(b) the ratio between the width and the perimeter of it.

## (61) The area of a rectangle = 64 cm² and its width = 4 cm.

Find (a) the ratio between the width and the perimeter of it

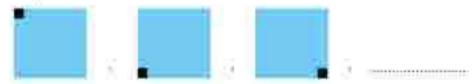
(b) the ratio between the length and the perimeter of it

- (62) A manufacture of clothes produces 8000 pieces daily , if the ratio between what this manufacture produce from the children's clothes to the adult's clothes 2:3, find the number of pieces for the children's clothes produced in 3 days .
- (63) If the ratio between the ages of Basma, Hanaa and Shereen is 2:3:5 and the difference between the ages of Hanaa and Shereen is 4 years .Find the age of each of them.
- (64) A factory produce 8000 bottles of soft drink in 12 hours; What is the rate of production per hour?
- (65) If \$\frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{5}{3}\$, Find the value of X ?
  (66) In the feast festival, one of the shops made a discount 15% for the price of a refrigerator which equal 1750 pounds. Find the price of the refrigerator after discount?
- (67) If the percentage of success for a school equal 85% and the number of the students in this school. equal 800 students. If the ratio between the number of boys and the number of girls equals 2:3 find the number of succeeded girls in this school?
- (68) If the drawing scale for a map is 1: 1000, and the length of a road equals 5 K metre. What is the length of this mad in the may?
- (69) The following table show the dates and the number of trips ( in one of the bus stations for the governmentals !

Dates	6) am	8 am	10 am	12:000	2 pm	Sum
Number of trips	. 30	311	40	16	13	140

Draw the frequency curve for this distribution ,then answer the following questions:

- (a) What is the number of trips before 10 am?
- (b) What is the percentage of the number of trips from 10 am till 12 am to the sum of trips?
- (70) If a quantity of sugar with volume 2700 cm3 need to can in a box. Show which of the following boxes is suitable?
  - (a) A cuboid with dimensions 45 cm, 40 cm and 15 cm.
  - (b) A cube the length of its inner dimension equals 30 cm.
- (71) A quantity of honey is needed to be distributed into small bottles the capacity of each of them 400. em! find the number of needed bottles ?
- (72)Complete this pattern:





# Third Answer the following questions:

- (1) Arrange the following ascendingly
  - a. 30 litre

b. 29 000 ml

c. 31 000 cm3

- (2) Arrange the following descendingly
  - a, 500 000 cm<sup>3</sup>

b. 50:000 litre

c. 5 m3

(3) If the systolic blood pressure of a natural person is 120 and the diastolic blood pressure of the same person is 80.
Find the ratio between them in the simplest form.

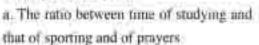


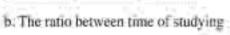
(4) If Hadi has L.E 80 and his sister Saru has L.E 105 find the ratio between what Hadi has and what his sister has of money.





(5) The teacher of the class asked Ebrahim about the reason for his intelligence he replied that he arrange his daily time as follows 3 hours for studying his lessons and an hour for sporting and two hours for prayers. Complete:





= .... the number of hours of the day



(6) Two lorries vithe load of the first is 600 kg and the load of the other is 1 ½ ton.
Find the ratio between the load of the first





(toa = 1.000 kg)

to the load of the second:

- (7) Hoda bought 15 pens of 9 pounds for each How much is the price of 5 pens.
- (8) The number of pupils of sixth grade in a school is 260 pupils (boys and girls) and the ratio between the number of hoys to the number of girls was 6; 7 find the number of boys and the number of girls in this grade.
- (9) If the ratio between what Seif saved to what his sister Jehan saved was 9: 11 If what Seif saved was 189 pounds find what Jehan saved
- (10) If the ratio between the tallness of Osama to the tallness of Ebrahim is 9 | 8 and the difference between their tallness is 12 cm find the tallness of each of them.
- (11) If the ratio between the measures of the two acute angles in a right angled triangle equals 7: 11 find the measure of each of them.
- (12) An agricultural tractor can blough 27 feddams in  $4\frac{1}{2}$  hours find :
  - a: the time which is needed to plough 42 feddans.
  - b, the number of feddans which the tractor ploughs in 3 hours
- (13) If 2.4 kg of sugar is needed to make 3 kg of appricot jam.
  - a. How many kg of appricot is added to 7.2 kg of sugar to make the same jam?
  - b. How many kg of sugar is added to 7.5 kg of appricot to make the same jum?
- (14) A tap filled an aquarium in 6 hours and another tap filled the aquarium in 3 hours and a third tap filled the aquarium in 2 hours if the three taps work together. How many minutes are needed to fill the aquarium.
- (15) The opposite figure represents a picture of dimensions 4 cm and 7 cm. It is enlarged in the ratio 3:2.
  find the two dimensions of the picture after enlargment.



before enlargement



after enturgemon

(16) Two maps are drawn + the first with drawing scale 1: 500 000 and the second in drawing scale 1: 1 250 000. It the distance between two cities on the first map equals 5 cm s find the distance between the same two cities on the other map.

## (17) The opposite figure:

Arectangular piece of land of area 1200 m<sup>2</sup>. It is drawn in a drawing scale 1: 200 then it length in drawing is 20 cm. Find the real width of the land.

(18) The opposite figure represents a garden in the shape of a square of side length 50 metre. It is drawn in a drawing scale 1 : 1 000.

Find its area on the drawing.

- (19) The opposite figure represents the Aljazeera tower which is one of the tourists places of Cairo city It is established in 1956 to 1961 in the shape of lotus flower. Its height is 187,2 m. If its height in the picture.
  - a. Find the drawing scale

is 13 cm.

- b. If the length of a neighboured building in the picture is 3.5 cm find its real length.
- (20) Fig (1) represents a butterfly + its real dimensions are 18 mm + 27 mm.

  Fig (2) is an enlargement to it and its two dimensions are 42 mm + x mm find
  - a, the magnifying ratio
  - b. the value of x in cm
- (21) The opposite figure represents A piece of rectangular land ABCD of area 4 800 metre square and one of its dimensions is 60 m.
  - a. Find the other dimension
  - b. Use the geometric tools to draw  $\Delta$  ABC of The drawing scale 1; 1000
  - c. from the drawing find the length of AC











- (22) In a class of a primary (mixed school) the number of boys = <sup>4</sup>/<sub>5</sub> the number of girls If the number of boys is 16 pupils 4 what is the number of the pupils in the class.
- (23) If  $\frac{19}{16}$  of the sum of two numbers = 95 the ratio between them is 7 : 9 find each of the two numbers.
- (24) The perimeter of a rectangle = 192 cm. The ratio between its length to its width is 5 : 7 find the area of the rectangle.
- (25) Apiece of wire of length 30 cm. It is divided into two parts in the ratio 2: 3. The smallest part is shaped as a square and the great part is shaped as an equilateral triangle find the side length of the square and the length of the side of the equilateral triangle.
- (26) Compare between the first value = 45 of 76 % the second value = 76 % of 45
- (27) The monthly salary of an employee is L.E 936 He saved L.E 117 find the ratio between what he saved to its salary.
- (28) An alloy is made of gold and Copper \* its weight is 70 gm \* the weight of Copper in it is 7 gm find the percentage of the pum gold in it.
- (29) A man bought a piece of land with price L.E 100 000 and after three years he sold it for L.E 130 000. Find the percentage of his profit.
- (30) A man sold his car after one year of using it with price L.E 52 000. If its buying price was: L.E 65 000. Find the percentage of his loss.
- (31) The price of a book is discounted by 20 % then its price became L.E.12 then what is its price before discount.
- (32) The price of a mobile (telephone) before discount was L.E 240. If the discount was 20 % then what is its price after discount.
- (33) Three traders the profit of the first is 42 % and the second 28 % and the third is L.E 36 000 what is the total profit in pounds?
- (34) A factory for ready clothes has 150 workers the owner of the factory decided to increase the number of workers • 30 workers in first year and 15 workers in the second year. Calculate:

First: The percentage of the increas in the first year.

Second: The percentage of the increase of the second year.

(35) Aman deposite a sum of money L.E 20 000 in a bank with annual interest 9.5 % find the total amount which he gets at the end of one year.

- (36) The owner of a book shop sold 25 % of note books and the remainder was 60 note book. How many note book were there first ?
- (37) A trader found that if he sold a (steam bicycle)
  motocycle with price L.E. I 800 s
  then his loss will be 10 % find the
  buying price of the steam bicycle
  (motocycle) and the selling price if
  the trader wants to have profit 8 %



- (38) A trademan bought a goods with price L.E 20 000 s he stored it and when he sold it he found that the profit equates 6 % of the buying price and storing cost. If the selling price was L.E 21624, Calculae the costs of storing.
- (39) A trade man bought 40 boxes of apples with price L.E 45 for the box. He sold 80 % of the apple with profit 18 % and he sold the remained with loss 15 % find to The nearst pound the selling price of all apples.
- (40) A vessel is filled with a liquid of volume 42 000 mm<sup>3</sup>
  - a. What is the volume of the evessel in cm3
  - b. What is the capacity of the vessel in litres ?
- (41) The capacity of a bottle is <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> titre \* is filled with Alkohol. It is wanted to put this amount in small bottles which the capacity of each is 25 cm<sup>3</sup>. Find the number of small bottles.
- (42) Find to the nearest cm3 the volume of a cube whose edge length equals 2.1 cm.
- (43) Find the edge length of a cube whose volume is 125 cm<sup>3</sup>, then find the area of one of its faces.
- (44) Find the volume of a cube if the area of one of its faces is 49 cm<sup>2</sup>
- (45) Find the volume of the cube which the sum of lengths of all its edges is 96 cm.
- (46) A vessel in the shape of a cube whose edge length is 10.5 cm.
  - First: Calculate the volume of this vessel in cm cube.
  - Second How many mm3 of water is the capacity of this cube ?
- (47) A cube of clay of edge length 8 cm. Cubes of edge length of each = 2 cm are made of it.
  Find the number of these cubes.
- (48) A box in the shape of a cube in which the length of the inner edge is 36 cm. It is wanted to fill it with washing soap bars in the shape of a cube of edge length 9 cm. How many bars can be put in this box.

- (49) A box for preserving food stuff in the shape of a cube whose the external edge length = 62 cm is made of a material of thickness 2 cm. find the capacity of the box in litre.
- (50) Find in cm2 the volume of a cuboid whose dimensions are 8.5 cm + 10 cm and 12 cm.
- (51) Find in cm the height of a cuboid whose volume is 4.8 dm3 if the area of its base is 240 cm2
- (52) A Tank in the shape of a cuboid of dimensions 7 m + 5 m and 9 m what is the volume of water which fills its third?
- (53) A cuboid of dimensions 4 cm + 5 cm and 7 cm and another cuboid in which the area of its base is 16 cm<sup>2</sup> and of height 9 cm find the difference between their volumes.
- (54) 10 litres of water were poured in a vessel in the shape of a cuboid s its base is a square of side length is 25 cm. Find the height of the water in the vessel.
- (55) If the enpacity of a tank in the shape of a cuboed is 72 000 litres, find the area of the base if the height is 4 m.
- (56) A brick in the shape of a cuboid of dimensions 10 cm + 22 cm and 8 cm is used for building a wall formed from 100 bricks. Find the volume of the wall.
- (57) A metalic cube is of edge length 36 cm. its is melted to be used in manufacture and it is converted to cuboid in which the dimensions of the base are 48 cm and 27 cm, calculate its height.
- (58) Cubic boxes each of them is of edge length 50 cm are put in the box of container in the shape of a cuboid of dimensions 3.5 m + 2.5 m and 2 m find the number of these boxes.
- (59) Water is poured in a tank of water in the shape of a cuboid in which the dimentsions of the base are 12 dm and 25 dm, and its height is 16 dm in the rate of 4.8 m<sup>3</sup>/Hour.

Find first: When will the tank be filled with vater

Second: The height of water after quarter of an hour.

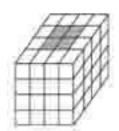
# Test one (Sixth grade) first term

First question : comp	tete the following.		
(1) Each what occupi	ies a room in the space	e is called	
(2) The difference be	tween the greatest val	ue and the smallest val	ue in set of individuals is
(3) The ratio between	18 hours and one day	(in the simplest form	is
(4) The edge length of	of a cube is 0.6 dm + th	sen its volume is	em³
(5) If the tallness of a drawing scale is I		t 2 cm and its real fall	itess is 1.2 metre then the
Second question : Che	oose the correct answ	er from those given.	
(1) The best unit whi	ich can be used to mea	isure the height of a ho	ose is
a centimetre	b. dm	c. metre	d. km
(2) 3 litre equals			
a. 75 ml	b. 750 cm <sup>3</sup>	c. 7.5 dm <sup>3</sup>	d. 0.075 m <sup>3</sup>
(3) An agricultural at	nachine ploughs 14 fee	ddm in 3.5 hours then	the rate of performance of
the machine in fe	ddan per bour is	- 33	
u. 1/2	5.4	£.8	d. 49
(4) The diagonals are	perpendicular in each	h of	
(a) Square and rectain	igle.		
(b) Rhombus and rec	tungle.		
(c) Square and rhomi	bus.		
(d) parallelogram and	d rectangle.		
5) If 100 gram from a 30 gram of this fo		calories - How many	calories will be given from
н. 90	5.100	c.900	d. 9 000
question (3)			
(a) Nariman bought	a refregerator in the til	me of ocasion with pri	ce L.E 2185 after discount

equates 5 % find the price of the refregerator before discount.

## (b) In the opposite figure

A solid is formed from cubes of the same size. In this solid there is a hole till the bottom of the solid, how many cubes are needed to fill this hole.



#### question (4)

(a) A macket of a playground of a school is drawn with drawing scale 1:500 the dimension of the playground in the picture were 2 cm and 4 cm find

First: the real dimensions of the playground Second: the real area of the playground in m<sup>2</sup>

(b) Aglass vessel is cubed shape - its inner edgelength is 30 cm.

This vessel contains an amount of water. If we throw a metalic piece in it then the water level raised 5 cm because of that find the volume of the metalic piece.

#### question (5)

- (a) A pump pours 60 litre of water per minute in a tank in the shape of a cuboid of dimensions 1 m \* 1.5 m and 2 metre. What is the time needed for filling the tank.
- (b) The following table shows the number of hours which are spent by 60 pupils to study their lessons daily.

number of hours	1-	2-	3-	4-	3-6	total
number of pupils	9	- 13	- [8]	12		60

First: Represent these data vsing the frequency curve

Second: Find the percentage of the greatest number of pupils in studying their lessons.

# Second test (6th grade) first term

Question and : Complete	the following.		
(1) 5 kg: 3 000 gm = -	; (īr	the simplest form).	
(2) A machine produces production in m per		regularly in one hou	r and half then the rate of
(3) If the real length of drawing scale =		nd its length in a picti	are is 4.5 cm then the
(4) If the volume of a co	abold is 64 cm <sup>3</sup> and the	ne area of its base is t	6 cm <sup>2</sup> then its height =
(5) The discription of th	ie pattern		
¥4+4¥	4+4741	<b>\ \</b> is	
Question (2) : Chouse th	e currect answer from	n those given ;	
(1) 30 % of a number of	quals		
a, its third	b. its three tenths		
c. its three fifth	d. its three seventh	0	
(2) How many bottles of	d 750 ml • each can b	e filled with 300 litre	of water
n. 4	b. 40	c. 400	d. 4 000
	erator with discount 10 hould she pay as a buy		price which was L.E 2 800
a. 2 520	b. 2 790	c. 2.700	d. 3 080
(4) The greatest time in t	he following is		
a. 36 000 seconds	b. 900 minutes	c. 13 nours	d. one day
(5) In which of the followalmost equal to the fr	wing circles + the fraction action which represent		

## question (3)

- (a) An agricultural machine ploughs 6 feddans at 3 hours. Find the rate of performance of this machine. If another machine ploughed 6 kirats in 10 minutes which of the two machines is the best in performance. (Feddan = 24 kirats)
- (b) A lense was used to enlarge an insect of real length 0.4 mm and its lenggth after enlargement is 4.8 cm...

Calculate the ratio of enlargement.

## question (4)

(a) A circular garden + it circumference is 176 m. find.

First: the diameter length of the garden in metre

Second: the area of this garden in  $m^2$  (consider  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )

(b) Three persons set up a company. At the end of the year the profits has been divided.

The share of the first =  $\frac{5}{3}$  the share of the second.

The share of the second =  $\frac{4}{3}$  the share of the third. If the share of the first is more than the share of the third by 8 250 pounds what is the share of each of them?

## question (5)

(a) A cubic vessel of edge length internally equals 15 cm. It was filled by honey

First: Calculate the capacity of the vessel in litre.

Second : Calculate the price of honey if the price of each litre is L.E 20

(b) 40 students presented from a governorate to one military college. If their weights in kg are as follows:

First: Find the range then form the frequency table (of equal sets in length) if the length of the set is 6

Second : Draw the frequency curve

Third Find the percentage of the student of the least weight.

## Test 3 (6th prim) 1st term

## First question; Complete the following.

(1) If the length in drawing is 2.5 cm and the real length is 1.6 m then the drawing scale is

(3) 1.45 fitre + 0.5 dm<sup>3</sup> + 50 cm<sup>5</sup> = 1tre

(4) If a:b=2:3:b:c=6:7 then a:c=...

(5) The volume of the cube which the sum of all its edge lengths 36 cm =

## Second Question : Choose the correct unswer from those given :

(I) If one of the angles of the parallelogram is right and two of its adjacent sides are equal in length then its is called

a. rhombus

b. square

c. triangle

d. rectangle

(2) A metalic piece in the shape of a cuboid its dimensions are 4 cm - 6 cm - 9 cm. It is melted and converted to a cube + then the edge length of the cube equals.

n. 12

b:9

EC:16

d.4

(3) In the following rule ▲ ● ▲ ▲ ● ● ▲ ▲ ▲ ● ● ■ which of the following shapes follows the same previous rule -

\*0000000000000

00000000000

~00000000000

400000000000

(4) If the price of a goods is L.E 256 if the price became L.E 192 during the discounts, then the percentage of discount equals

a. 16 %

5 25 %

e: 33 %

d. 75 %

(5) If the number of pages of a small book is 34 pages then the number of appearing the digit 3 in the punctuate of pages of this book equals

n. 4

b. 5

c. 7

d. 8

## Third question:

- (a) A fruit seller bought an amount of oranges in the price L. E 720 \* then after offering it for selling he found a part of it became bad, then he sold the remainder in the price L.E 630. Find the percentage of his loss.
- (b) Acubic aquarium + its inner edge length is 75 cm. 135 litre of water was poured in it. find the depth of the water in the aquarium.

## Fourth question.

- (a) The length of a road is 120 km. It is wanted to pave the road in three months. If 42 % in the first month +28 % in the second month How many km will be paved in the third month?
- (b) The following frequency distribtion table represents the daily wages of a sample formed from 50 workers in a factory.

Wages	10 🗆	20-□	30 □	40.□	-50 □	60 □	70.090	total
number of workers	3	(6)	10	15	-8	538	- 3.	50

First: Draw the frequency curve

Second: Find the percentage of the number of workers whose wage begins from L.E.30 to less than L.E.50

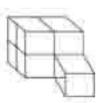
## Fifth question.

- (a) A piece of wire of length 30 cm. It is divided into two parts in the ratio 2 : 3, the small part is shaped as a square and the great part is shaped as an equilateral triangle Find the side length of each of the square and the triangle.
- (b) A cuboid: its length + its width = 16 cm its width + its height = 14 cm and its height + its length = 18 cm. Calculate its volume.

## Test 4 (6th prim) 1st term

## First question; Complete the following.

- (1) If X 18 6 9 are proportional quantities then X =
- (2) The total area of a cuboid is 460 cm<sup>2</sup> and its lateral area is 230 cm<sup>2</sup> then the area of its base =
- (4) 3 litre = \_\_\_\_\_cm<sup>3</sup>
- (5) The opposite figure represents the number of cubes which the edge length of each is one centimetre then the volume of the solid = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_cm<sup>8</sup>



## Second Question: Chains the correct unswer from those given:

- (I) The centimetre cube is a unit for measuring
  - a, the perimeter
- b, the area
- c, the volume
- d, the length
- (2) The following shapes are formed from matches sticks which have the same length how many matches sticks will be used for forming the tenth shape ?



Fig. a

n. 30



Fig. b

b. 33

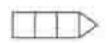


Fig. c

c. 36

- (3) A bicycle rider turns around a circle of radius length 21 metre. How many turns will be done by the wheel of the bicycle to complete one turn on the circle if the radius length of the wheel is 35 cm.
  - a. 60
- b. 50
- c. 40
- d. 14

d: 42

- (4) If the price of the packet of soap bowder raised from L.E 6 to L.E 7.5 then the percentage of the increase in price equals.
  - a. 15 %
- b. 20 %
- c. 25 %
- d. 30 %
- - n. 1. E 61 000
- b L E 62 000
- c. L.E 63 000.
- d. L.E 65 000

## questinn (3)

- (a) A primary school has 300 pupils in grade six. If 60 pupils of them failed, find the percentage of success in this school.
- (b) A tin in the shape of a cuboid its dimensions are 15 cm · 24 cm and 30 cm. It is filled with honey the price of one litre of it is L.E.25. Find the price of the honey in the tin.

## question (4)

- (a) A sum of money is divided between two persons in the ratio 3: 5. If the share of the second exceeds the share of the first by L.E. 30 find the share of the first.
- (b) If the salary of Said is L.E 10 000 in the year, there are two offers for him

The first: The salary exceeds every year 10 % of the salary of the previous year

The second: The salary exceeds every year by L.E 1 000

Mention with explaining which offer is the best after passing 3 years.

## Fifth question:

- (a) If the distance between two cities is 180 km and the drawing scale is 1:9 000 000.
  How long is the distance between the two cities on the map?
- (b) The following table shows a sample of patients who suffer from a certain disease in a hospital due to the hours which were spent till they became healthy.

Number of hours	15-	19-	23-	27-	31-35	total.
number of patients	6	14	42	10	8	80

Draw the frequency curve of this distribution.

## Model (5)

## Answer the following Question:

## [1] Choose the Correct Answer

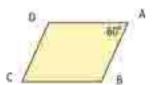
1,  $\frac{2}{3}$  = 3  $\frac{1}{3}$  = .... [1:2,2:5,1:10,1:5]

3. 9 X [40,45,60,90]

5. In the opposite figure:

ABCD is a parallelogram, m ... A = 60 \*

, Then, m \_ B = ..... [ 30 , 60 , 90 , 120 ]



#### Q2] Completed the following statements:

- 1 The ratio between the side length of the square and its perimeter = ......
- 2 If the drawing length = 2 cm and the real length = 6 meters, Then the drawing scale equals .........

3- If X =9 % then, X= .....

- 5- The following figure in this pattern is .........

## [Q3]

- a)- The ratio between the length of a rectangle to its width equals 7: 4 , its perimeter is 44 meters . Find the length and the width of the rectangle and calculate its area.
- b) A car consumes 20 liters of fuel to cover a distance of 180 kilometers, how many liters is needed to cover a distance of 540 km.

#### 0.4

- a) Atlas of a number of cities drawn at a scale of 1: 100000 if the real distance between the two cities is 36 km , Find the drawing distance between them in this atlas.
- b) Find the selling price of goods sold for 41400 pounds, with profit percentage 15%, Find the Profit

#### 105

- a) A cube of metal its edge length equals 12 cm need to be melted down and converted into alloys in the form of a cuboid with dimensions 3 cm, 4 cm and 6 cm, calculate the number of alloys that can be obtained.
- b) The following table shows the degrees of 100 students in one month in math.

Marks	20-	30-	40-	50-	sum
Number of Students	15	30	40	15	100

- 1 What is the number of students who record less than 40 degrees
- 2 Draw the frequency curve for this distribution

## Model (6)

## Answer the following Question:

## [1] Choose the Correct Answer:

[4] In the opposite figure: the number of parallelograms

Which can be obtained is .......... [ 4, 5, 7, 9]



## Q2) Complete the following statements:

- (1) If a: b = 2: 3, b: c = 3: 5, the a: c = .....
- (Z) The rectangle is a parallelogram in which.......
- (3) The volume of a Cuboid equals 400 cm 3 and its base is with length = 8 cm and width =5 cm

then its height equals..... cm

(5) If the purchase price of a refrigerator is 2400 pounds and its seiling price equals 2640 pounds

, then the percentage of the profit equal ........... %

#### [Q3]

- (a) Two Machines for the manufacture of cloth, the first produces 500 meters of cloth in two hours and the second produces 600 meters of cloth in 2 hours and half. Which of the two machines is more efficient?
- (b) Three persons involved in a business. The first paid 60000 pounds, the second paid 80000 pounds and the third paid 90000 pounds at the end of the year the net profit was 20700 pounds. Calculate the share of each of them .

#### [Q4]

- (a) A photo was taken for one of the very delicate insects by enlargement ratio 100: 1
  If the actual length of the insect length is 0.8 mm. Find the length of the insect in the picture.
- (b) A company for electrical appliances displays the TV set for 1026 pounds. If the company sold it with profit percentage is 14%. Find the selling price for the TV set

#### IQ5

- (a) A Vase in the shape of a cube the length of its interior edge equals 20 cm. Filled with Black honey:
- · Calculate the capacity of the pot of honey.
- . If the price for the honey is 8 pounds per liter, calculate the price of honey as a whole.
- (b) On the orphan day a group of students donated amounts of money in pounds shown in the Following table:

Money in pounds	3.	5	7-	9-	-11-
Number of Students	2:	10	15	10	8

- 1 What is the number of students who donated by 7 pounds and more
- 2 Draw the frequency curve for this frequency distribution

## Model (7)

## Answer the following Question:

## (Q1) Choose the Correct Answer:

(1) The length of a rectangle whose its area equals 24 cm 2 is 6 cm then the ratio between

(2) If the drawing length of an object is 2 cm and its real length equals 20 meter,

Then the drawing scale is equal .....

[1:10,1:100,1:1000,1:10000]

(3) X = 10 %, then X = .....

 $(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{9}{5}, \frac{18}{5}, \frac{9}{50})$ 

(4) 6500 dm 3 = ...... m 3

(6.5, 65, 650, 6500000)

(5) In the opposite figure: the number of Trapezoids is .......

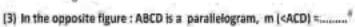
(3,4,5,2)

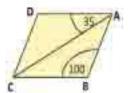


## 1Q21 Complete the following statements:

(1) 18 Kirat : 2 Feddan = \_\_\_\_:\_\_

(2) 62.5% = .....





(4) The capacity is .....

(5) X+2 = 3 the X = ....

(6) If the marks of 6 pupils in one of the tests are 36, 40, 57, 33, 29, 49

Then the range for these marks is equal to .....

## [03]

- a) The ratio between the measurements of angles in a triangle is 2:3: 4 find the measure for each angle in this triangle
- b) The height of a minaret is 85 meters and the length of its shadow in a moment equals 34 m. What is the height of a tree in front of this minaret if the Length of its shadow equals 17 meters in the same moment

#### [Q4]

- a) A man distributed 6300 pounds between his three sons, if the share of the first was third of the money and the ratio between the share of the second and the third is equals 3:2 calculate the share of each of them.
- b) A merchant bought an Apple shipped by 20000 pounds, after he bought it he found that a part of the amount was damaged because of the bad storage. If He sold the remaining amount by 18000 pounds, find the percentage of the loss of the merchant.

#### Q5

- a) A cuboid the perimeter of its base equals 36 cm and the ratio between the length and the width of its base equals 5:4 Calculate its volume. If the height of it equals 12 cm
- b) The following table shows the age of visitors to an exhibition within an hour of the day

Visitor's age	10-	20-	30-	40-	50-
Number of Visitors	6	9	12	10	8

- 1 What is the number of visitors whose ages are less than 40 years
- 2 Draw the frequency curve for this distribution

## Answer the following questions:

## First question:

Choose the correct imswer from those between brackets in front of each item in each of the following:

1- The ratio between the two numbers  $3\frac{1}{5}$ , 9.6 = .....

$$(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$$

5- The opposite data are descriptive except ........ (The favorite coloure, birthday - age - blood species)

5- A cube, the perimeter of its base is 36cm, then its volume = cm2 (36 , 6 , 729 , 216)

## Second question:

Complete the following

- (1) The ratio between two numbers = .....
- (2) Each two opposite angles are equal in measure in each of
- (3) The volume of the cube -....
- (4) 1500 cm<sup>8</sup> = ...... litre
- (5) If the values of a frequency distribution lie between (20 , 60) then the range of this distribution =
- (6) A class contains 40 pupils. 32 pupils are present in a day, then the percentage of the abscenteese

#### The third question:

- (a) If the ratio among the prices of three electric sets (Tv, Oven refrigerator) is 4:5:8 and if the price of Tv is LE 1200 calculate the price of each of the oven and the refrigerator.
- (b) A minuret of height 22m, the length of its shade at a moment is 6 metre. How height is a house neighbor to the minuret if the length of its shade = 3m at the same moment.
- (c) A wooden box for transposing goods. It is cube shaped. It has a lid, its inner dimension is 150cm.

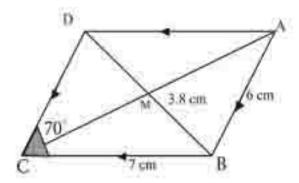
Find the volume of wood of the box if the thickness of the wood is bem-

In the opposite figure

(d) ABCD is a parallelogram in which AB = 6cm, BC = 7cm BM = 3.8 cm m (∠C) = 70°

Without using geometrical instrauments find:

m (∠ ADC), the perimeter of ∆ BCD.



## Fourth question

(a) Three persons set up a commercial business, the first paid <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> what the second paid, the second paid <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> what the third paid at the end of the year the profit became LF. 6240. Calculate the share of each of them from profit.

(b) A man owns a piece of land its area is 48 ktrat. He recommended the half of the area is specialized for building a school. And the other half is divided among his two sons and his two daughters such that the share of the boy is twice the share of the girl. Calculate the share of each of them.

## The fifth question

The following table shows the number of hours which the pupils of a class spend daily in front of the computer.

Number of hours	1.	2-	3	+	5.	6	Total
Number of pupils	9	11	15	6	4	2	45

Represent these data by frequency curve. Then answer the following questions.

- What is the number of pupils who spend the greatest number of hours in front of computer what do you advice those pupil?

- What is the greatest number of hours which the pupils spend in front of the computer?

- What is the percentage of the number of pupils who spend less than 3 hours in dealing with computer?

# Answer

# Test one (Ratio)

- (1) (-2,5)
- (2) (12cm , 18cm , 24cm)
- (3) (5leter 13km)
- (4) a- (1:2), b- (2:3), c- (9:5), d- (1,10)
- (5) (8:15)

#### Test two (Proportion)

- (1) (11=12)
- (2)  $(\frac{33}{100}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{3}{4})$
- (3) (192,160,128)

- (4) (4000 pound)
- (5) (6m)

(6) (1500.2000.2500 pound)

(7) (3000 pound)

## Test three (Geomenetry and meas urement)

(1) a- one of angled its raightangle

b-12000cm

c- 0.00258

d- area of basex hight

h- 2650cm3

- (2) 118, 27 (3) a- the pattern repeat II ?? (4) 35000

- (5) lenght = 24cm (6) 125 (7) 3,375 leter, 27 pound

#### Test four (Statis tics)

(12) The frequenc table

Previous	Russian	American	Italian	French	Britis	Total
Number	9	7	8	-4	5	33

(13)

Sets	50-	55-	60-	70-	75-	80-	85-	90-	Total
Frequency	4	5	6	7	4	2	5	3	40



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طبع القالاف:

عددالمفحات بالفلاف:

مراب على القالاف:

مراب على القالاف:
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الأشراف برنتنج هاوس